REGISTERED No. 6—1878

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9,378—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1878.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
For Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 50
Half-yearly	25	Half-yearly	31
Quarterly	13	Quarterly	16
Monthly	5	Monthly	6

To Subscribers Up-country.

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
For Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
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Quarterly	16	Quarterly	20
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These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

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Price for back numbers varies according to lapse of time between As. 8 and Re. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5 0
Second do.	2 8
Third do.	2 8
Fourth and succeeding insertions	0 2½ As.

A line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per Line.
Second do.	4½ „ „
Third and succeeding	2½ „ „

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servant, Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line	„ 0-8 As.

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied in Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

Domestic occurrences: Each—Two Rupees.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

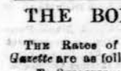
THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government, will despatch the S. S. BUSHEER, 792 Tons, 130 H. P., Commander J. W. Seward, on SATURDAY, the 7th December, 1878, at 4 p.m., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Masulipatam, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point and at any other place where inducement offers.

Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked fortnightly by the steamers on this line hence or from intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle to the Steamers of the Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes de la France which run regularly.

Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, VIA KURRACHEE.

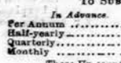
Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers.



THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Contract with Government, will despatch the SOCOTRA, 1,947 Tons, 229 H. P., Commander W. A. Starratt, on THURSDAY, the 12th December, 1878, at 4 p.m., to the PERSIAN GULF, touching at KURRACHEE, GUADER, MUSCAT, JASK, BUNDERABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, KAO, BUSHEH, and occasionally at BAHREIN and MAHOMERAH.

Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents.

BI-WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.



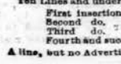
THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Contract with Government, will despatch Steamers to Kurrachee every THURSDAY at 4 p.m., and every MONDAY at 10 a.m.

The S. S. AKOLA, 578 Tons, 120 H. P., Commander A. Russell, on MONDAY, the 9th December 1878, at 10 a.m., calling at Verawul, Mangrole, Pore Bunder, and Cutch Mandvie both ways.

The S. S. SOCOTRA, 1,947 Tons, 300 H. P., Commander W. A. Starratt, will be despatched on THURSDAY, the 12th December 1878, at 4 p.m.

Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents.

PILGRIMAGE TO GOA.



THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED) will despatch the S. S. AKOLA, 578 Tons, 120 H. P., Commander A. Russell, from BOMBAY to PANJIM and from PANJIM to BOMBAY TWICE WEEKLY during the months of NOVEMBER, DECEMBER, and JANUARY, commencing on SATURDAY, the 9th November 1878.

The above Steamer will leave Bombay at 10 a.m. every SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, and will leave PANJIM at 4 p.m. every SUNDAY and THURSDAY.

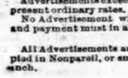
The Steamers to be employed will leave from abreast of Carnac Bunder, Bombay, and will proceed right up to Panjim.

Deck passage hence to Panjim Rs. 4.

For passage apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 1st November 1878. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY VIA SUEZ CANAL.



ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. Rubattino & Co., Genoa.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th, and on the 1st of each month,

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 210	Rs. 150	Rs. 40	Without food.
Suez	360	220	80	
Port Said	380	240	100	
Jaffa	400	260	120	Including Wine.
Beyrout	425	320	125	
Cyprus	450	350	130	
Messina	540	340	140	
Naples	540	340	140	
Leghorn	540	340	140	
Genoa	560	340	140	
Marseilles	550	320	145	

Children under 8 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in London FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—

SUMATRA, to sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st January 1879.
ABBASSIA, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st February 1879.
AUSTRALIA, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st March 1879.
SINGAPORE, to sail on THURSDAY, 20th March 1879.

Passengers and Cargo are now booked for JAFFA, BEYROUT, AND CYPRUS.

A Steamer of the Company leaves Portsaid regularly every Thursday which carries Passengers from Bombay to the above-named three Ports.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 A. M. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

O. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, Nov., 1878.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE COMPANY'S S. S. CASTORE, Capt. A. Lucich, will be despatched from BOMBAY to TRIESTE on the 25th December 1878.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste	Rs. 400	Rs. 300	Rs. 180
To Cyprus (via Port Said)	„ 375	„ 295	„ 143
To Port Said	„ 320	„ 255	„ 121
To Suez	„ 300	„ 240	„ 122
To Aden	„ 170	„ 130	„ 66

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

THROUGH TICKETS FROM TRIESTE TO LONDON.

Via Vienna, the Rhine, Ostende or Calais and Dover, are granted by the Undersigned at

	Via Calais.	Via Ostende.
First Class, Trieste to London	£12-3	£11-18
Second Class, Trieste to Cologne. First Class, Cologne to London	£9-19	£9-14

Travellers with through tickets are allowed lbs. 55 free luggage.

Tickets are available for two months from the date of departure from Trieste.

For information about the Weekly Mail service to and from CYPRUS, and for Freight, Passage, and further particular apply to the Company's Office.

J. JANNI,
Agent A. H. Lloyd's & S. N. Company.

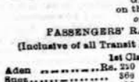
Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, 28th Oct., 1878.

HALL LINE

S. S. BRANKSOME HALL.

2,100 Tons Register, 300 H. P. Nominal.

BOMBAY TO GENOA.



To be despatched about 11th December. Apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

NOTICE.—CONSIGNEES per Steamer JAPANESE are hereby informed of the ARRIVAL of the vessel, and requested to TAKE DELIVERY AT ONCE of their respective GOODS. No claim of any kind will be paid after the departure of the Steamer unless it be previously passed by the Captain.

W. M. MACAULAY & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 6th December

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched for EUROPE:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1878.
— SURAT	3141	530	G. C. Burne	9th Dec.
(s) KAISAR-I-HIND	4290	770	R. Mechven	16th do.
— TRAVANCORE	1903	350	W. Barratt	23rd do.
(s) LOMBARDY	3723	450	W. B. Hall	30th do.
— SUMATRA	2488	450	W. A. Seaton	6th Jan.'79
(s) HYDASPES	2934	450	D. Rennoldson	13th do.
— KASHGAR	2621	450	M. J. Baker	20th do.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Ancona, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Bombay, 26th November 1878. Superintendent.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1878.
PEKIN	3777	600	W. Wolcott	10th Dec.
MALWA	2933	450	F. S. Tomlin	24th do.
GWALIOR	2725	450	J. C. Babot	7th Jan. 1879

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Bombay, 26th November 1878. Superintendent.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE AND COLOMBO.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
SIAM	30 0	500	G. N. Hector	3rd Jan. 1879.
ASSAM	3.33	350	N. Stewart	31st do.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Bombay, 26th November 1878. Superintendent.

ANCHOR LINE.

S. S. ANGLIA,
2,753 Tons, 490 H.P.
BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

TO be DISPATCHED POSITIVELY 24th December.

Apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 3rd December 1878.

ANCHOR LINE.

S. S. TRINACRIA,
2,107 Tons, 424 H.P.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

TO BE DISPATCHED about 28th December.

Apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.

Bombay, 3rd December 1878. Agents.

EXPOSITION OF THE BODY OF ST. FRANCIS XAVIER.

THE First-Class Steamer ALABAMA has been chartered to RUN to GOA and back, without touching the intermediate ports, every four days during the months of November and December and first fortnight of January.

DATES OF DEPARTURE.

On Tuesdays and Fridays at 8 a.m.

Departures in December will be notified hereafter.

Steam Launches and Boats will be provided for embarking and disembarking passengers at Pangim. The same will be available for conveying passengers to Old Goa, at a fee of 8 annas each.

Deck Passage ..... Rs. 4.

Return Tickets will be available until the 10th January 1879. First Class Fares include Board but no Wines or Spirits, which are provided on board and charged for separately. Second Class and Third Class Fares are exclusive of meals, but supplies can be obtained on board on payment.

Apply to D. M. De SILVA & Co., at Dr. F. F. Gomes' Dispensary, No. 19, Church Gate Street, Share Bazar, Fort, or to their Agents, Messrs. FURTADO and BROTHER, No. 10, Kalbadevie Road, Bombay, or Apollo Bunder on day of sailing.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REDUCTION OF PRICES.

THE CANADIAN BLONDIN

has the honour to announce that he will give

GRAND AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE,
SATURDAY, THE 7TH DECEMBER,

For the accommodation of Families and those living at a distance, at half price.

Doors open at 4. Performance will commence at 4-30.

THE CANADIAN BLONDIN

Has also the honour to announce that he will make his

ELEVENTH GRAND ILLUMINATED HIGH ROPE ASCENSION

THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING, 7TH DEC.

THE CANADIAN BLONDIN

Not only performs all the feats executed by the original Blondin, but also many others of a most daring and sensational nature, Amongst other marvellous feats,

THE CANADIAN BLONDIN

will

WORK A BICYCLE BACKWARDS AND FORWARDS ON THE ROPE,

AN EFFICIENT BAND WILL BE IN ATENDANCE.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Reserved Seats	Rs. 1-8
Unreserved	„ 1
Back Seats	„ 8
Promenade	„ 4

Doors open at half-past eight. Performance will commence at nine.

Tickets can be obtained at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.'s and at the doors.

2nd and 3rd class tickets may be had of BOMANJEE EDULJEE & Co., General Agents, 1, Oak Lane, Fort.

ASHANTEE HAMMOCKS, ON SALE BY
TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.),
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SPORTING AMMUNITION.

CAPS. SHOT.
CARTRIDGES. WADDING.
POWDER. SUNDRIES.

NEW MATERIALS AND APPLIANCES

Of every description

IMPORTED, ON INTRODUCTION TO HOME USE.

Detailed priced Catalogue on application.

TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.)

GENUINE
GAYETTY'S MEDICATED PAPER,

both as a personal requisite and a preventive of a very distressing hœmorrhoidal malady, is incomparably the best article produced for the purpose.

Packets containing 500 Sheets each Cash, Re. 1-8; Credit, Re. 1-12.

Of the Agents,
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

OLD GLENLIVET.

THIS WHISKY is a blend from some of the most noted Distilleries in Scotland, and is guaranteed to consist of PURE MALT SPIRIT only. It is thoroughly matured, very mellow, and entirely free from any smoky or objectionable flavour.

As large holders of the different kinds from which the Blend is made up, we are in a position to allow the various Distillings to become thoroughly amalgamated before being bottled, an advantage which consumers of the article will readily appreciate.

Per 1 dozen case, cash .... Rs. 22-8.

TREACHER & COMPANY, (Ld.),
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROYAL ITALIAN OPERA.

GRANT ROAD THEATRE.

THIS EVENING, SATURDAY, 7TH DEC.

when the charming Opera of

UN BALLO IN MASCHERA,

will be presented with the full strength of the Company as under:—

Ricardo, Conte di Warwich	Signor Coy.
Renato, Creolo	„ Bergamaschi.
Adelia (Amelia)	Signora Roza Guenolini.
Ulrica	„ Brusa.
Edgar (Oscar)	„ Coy.
Silvano	Signor Macchiavelli.
Samuel	„ Salvarani.
Tommaso	„ Cortesi.

CHORUS.

Plan and Subscription List at Messrs. Soundy and Co.

Doors open at 8-30 p. m. Performance to commence at 9 p. m.

Dress Circle	Rs. 5	Gallery	Rs. 2
Stalls	„ 4	Pit	„ 1

THE WONDERS OF THE AGE.

EDISON'S SPEAKING MACHINE,
THE PHONOGRAPH,
OR SOUND RECORDER.
PROFESSOR HUGHES' ARTICULATING AND OTHER
MICROPHONES.
PROFESSOR BELL'S
TELEPHONE.

Will be exhibited and explained on and after

MONDAY, DECEMBER 9TH,

AT

SOUNDY & COMPANY'S MUSIC SALOONS.

ADMISSION.—ONE RUPEE.

PHONOGRAPHS, MICROPHONES AND TELEPHONES SUPPLIED.

EXPOSITION OF THE BODY OF ST. XAVIER AT GOA.

NOTICE.—The Special Steamer, the KRISHNA, advertised by the Bombay Steam Navigation Company to leave Carnac Bunder every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, is DISCONTINUED from THIS DAY. Their usual Steamers, the NAGOTNA and GOGAH, run from Carnac Bunder every MONDAY, every WEDNESDAY, and every FRIDAY, at 6-30 a. m., arriving at Goa between 3 and 4 in the afternoon the following day.

J. A. SHEPHERD.

7th December, 1878.

IN THE COURT FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS, BOMBAY.

In the MATTER of the PETITION of RAMCHUNDER RAGHOBA, an Insolvent.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the first WEDNESDAY in the month of January next, is appointed for a further hearing in the above matter for the purpose of DECLARING a FIRST DIVIDEND of 6½ per cent.

C. W. L. JACKSON,
Clerk of the Court.

Court House, Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort, Bombay, this 5th day of December 1878.

NOTICE.

VERBAL OFFERS will be received by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bombay on MONDAY next, the 9th instant, at 12 Noon, for the SUPPLY of 2,000 PAIRS BOOTS of sizes in small lots to suit tenderers, 728 PYJAMAHS, and 50 CAMEL KEGS of 16 Gallons each, and for making up of 1,250 Pairs of Putties.

Further particulars can be obtained on application at this Office.

A. PHELPS, Lieut.-Colonel,
Executive Commissariat Officer, Presidency.

Bombay, Executive Commissariat Office, 6th December 1878.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.—No, 699. 1878.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Cape of Good Hope, 19th August 1878.

THE subjoined Despatch received from the Commodore Commanding Simon's Bay, enclosing the report of Captain Wratson, H. M. S. Fawn, of a recent survey of the coast in the neighbourhood of the wreck of the mail steamer Kafir, is hereby published for general information.

J. GORDON SPRIGG,
Colonial Secretary.

(Copy.)

Active, in Simon's Bay, 10th June 1878.

His Excellency the Right Hon. Sir Bartle Frere, Bart. G.C.B., G.C.S.I., &c., &c., &c.

Sir,—I have the honour to forward herewith a report from Commander Wratson, of Her Majesty's surveying ship Fawn, enclosing a tracing showing the result of his survey of the Coast, in the neighbourhood of the recent wreck of the mail steamer Kafir, and request your Excellency will be pleased to give directions for the same to be communicated to those whom it may concern.—I have, &c.,

(Signed) F. W. SULLIVAN, Commodore.

(Copy.)

REPORT ON DANGER OFF OLIFANT'S POINT.

H. M. Surveying Vessel Fawn, Table Bay, 5th June 1878.

Commodore F. W. Sullivan, C. B., Senior Officer.

Sir,—I have the honour to inform you that on the 3rd instant, I made an examination of the locality where the Union mail steamer Kafir struck and was lost, in February last.

2. The Survey has not been exhaustive, as time would not allow me to fill up thoroughly the great blanks that have been left in the Chart of the west shore of the Cape Peninsula, nor was there any occasion why a very close Survey of the waters off Olifant's Beach should be undertaken.

The locality is well-known to fishermen, who spend great part of their lives there, and three visits that I have made by land from Simon's Town have convinced me that those men know of no danger outside the Rock called by them the "Albatross," on which they one and all declare the Kafir to have struck, they having been eye-witnesses of her movements.

3. The result of my examination is that the "Albatross" rock is 1,200 yards from the shore off Olifant's Point, or 560 yards farther seaward than previously shown on the Chart.

4. The spot where the Kafir's remains now lie is 1½ miles to the S. E. ½ S. of this rock

5. A tracing* of my soundings in this vicinity is enclosed for your information.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) W. J. L. WHARTON,
Commander in charge of Survey.

By order of His Excellency the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

JOHN A. M. MACDONALD, Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, 4th December 1878.

* Filed in Surveyor General's Office, for general information.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
(No. 25.)

BAY OF BENGAL—COROMANDEL COAST.
DEPOSIT OF STONE, EASTWARD OF HARBOUR WORKS, MADRAS.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 22, issued from this Department on the 4th September 1878, the Master Attendant of Madras has given further notice that vessels arriving in Madras roadstead should not come within a depth of 7 fathoms, as stone is being deposited considerably to the eastward of the harbour groins.

Three buoys mark the limit within which vessels must not swing. At night, the lead must be the guide.

By Direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I. N.),
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

Marine Survey Department, Calcutta, 29th November 1878.

THIS Notice will affect the following Charts:—Madras Roadstead, No. 109, and India, East Coast, Cape Comorin to Coconada, No. 155, published by the Indian Marine Survey Department, Calcutta; also Admiralty Charts, Coromandel Coast, Nos. 71 & 4; India, East Coast, Cape Comorin to Coconada, No. 826; Bay of Bengal, No. 764; and Indian Ocean, No. 748; and Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I, page 498.

If this Notice is received on board ship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

JOHN A. M. MACDONALD, Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned is prepared to receive SEALED TENDERS up to the 27th December 1878 for the PURCHASE of the MYROBALANS (HIRDAS) now collected and that may be collected from this date up to the 30th April 1879 by the Forest Department in the Kanara and Belgaum Districts.

To encourage tenders from parties that may fear difficulties in land carriage, the undersigned will be glad to receive two separate tenders for the Myrobalans (Hirdas) collected in the Belgaum District, namely, one for the purchase of them at the roadside depôts, and the other at Vingoria.

Preference will be given to the tender that is likely to secure the greatest profit to the Department.

The following exhibits the quantity, more or less, likely to be available for sale, and the depôts at which delivery will be made:—

KANARA DISTRICT.

1	Kadra Bunder Depôt about	2,700	Candies of	560 lbs.	each.
2	Coompta	do.	1,900	do.	do.
3	Honawar	do.	500	do.	do.

BELGAUM DISTRICT.

BIDI TALUKA.

About 4,000 Candies of 560 lbs. each.

1	Khanapur	Depot.	6	Gotgali	Depot.
2	Hemergeh	do.	7	Chapoli	do.
3	Sitawdeh	do.	8	Jamboti	do.
4	Gungi	do.	9	Kunkumbi	do.
5	Seroli	do.	10	Kongioh	do.

BELGAUM TALUKA.

About 2,000 Candies of 560 lbs. each.

1	Katgali	Depot.	9	Kalagudde	Depot.
2	Wagodeh	do.	10	Galawdeh	do.
3	Kimeh	do.	11	Wagotreh	do.
4	Byloor	do.	12	Oompgaum	do.
5	Bajgoli	do.	13	Bhogoli	do.
6	Maudlingoeh	do.	14	Chandgad	do.
7	Kitawdeh	do.	15	Sundi	do.
8	Patne	do.	16	Chinchani	do.

TERMS.

1. Tenders, written in English, must specify the rate offered per Candy of 560 lbs. weight, and not be for a lesser quantity than the collection at any one of the under Depôts shown, or group of Village Depôts in Taluka (Bidi or Belgaum).

2. A Deposit of Rs. 1,500 for each Bunder Depôt, and group of Taluka Depôts must be paid at once on acceptance of tender, when the usual agreement will have to be entered into.

3. The Myrobalans to be taken without selection, and as they arrive at the Depôts or Bunders they must be weighed, put into bags, paid for and taken charge of at once.

For further particulars application may be made to the undersigned addressed to Belgaum, where tenders should also be addressed to

W. PEYTON, Lieut.-Col.,
Conservator of Forests S. Div.

Conservator's Office, S. Div. Camp, Yellapur, Kanara District, 3rd December 1878.

CHRISTMAS, 1878.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LIMITED.

In reminding Constituents of the approach of another Season of

"FESTIVITY AND GOOD-WILL,"

Have the pleasure to announce that their supplies, specially imported by Mail Steamers, are larger and more varied than ever and of the same superior character which has distinguished them for many years and led to their being so liberally appreciated.

FOR THE FESTIVITIES,

THE COMPANY'S PURVEYING DEPARTMENTS

Afford choice and fresh Supplies of Excellent Preserved

Bacon,	Dessert Fruits,	Jellies,	Sauces,
Bath Chops,	Flavours,	Marmalades,	Sausages,
Biscuits,	Fish,	Mince Meat,	Soups,
Butter,	Fresh Meats,	Pates,	Sugars,
Cheese,	Game,	Pickles,	Tart Fruits,
Chocolates.	Hams,	Pies,	Teas,
Cocoas,	Herbs,	Plum Puddings,	Tongues,
Coffees,	Jams,	Potted Meats,	Vegetables.
Condiments,			

FOR THE DESERT TABLE

THE NEW SEASON'S CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS.

Agelica, Cherries, Green Almonds, Pink Pears, Strawberries,
Apricots, Golden Oranges, Greengages, White Pears
Assorted, Green Oranges, Peaches, Plums,

in cases of about 7 lbs., or by the lb.

Assortments of the above in boxes at from Re. 1-2 to Rs. 3-0.

Brandy Fruits,	Chocolates,	Nougat,	Peel Rings,
Candied Peels,	French Plums,	Noyeau Fruits,	Strawberries,
China Preserves,	Liqueur Comfits,	Peel Chips,	Toffee,
American Candy,	China Ginger,		Turkish Delight,
Butter Scotch,	Edinboro' Rock,		Swiss Gelee,

and a variety of other requisites of the choicest quality.

Holly, Mistletoe Ivy, Artificial Fruits, Paris Biscuits, Carlsbad Wafers.

ELEGANTLY DECORATED COSSAQUES.

Ally Sloper,	English Beauties,	The Diplomatic
Aunt Betty's Treasure,	Gem of the Season,	The Sea Serpent,
British Empire,	Golden Gifts,	Telephones,
Courtship & Matrimony,	Marguerite	Uncle Joe's Luck.
Cupid's Warfare,	Paris Exhibition,	Young England,
Edwin and Angelina,	The Sultan's Own,	Zoo,

And numerous other varieties.

THE WINE DEPARTMENT

Affords a variety of price and kind offered by no other House in India.

SHERRIES.—Yellow Seal, Pale Dinner, Vino de Pasto, Old Dry, Golden Manzanilla, Amontillado, and other Brands, ranging from Rs. 17 to Rs. 3 per dozen.

SPARKLING WINES.—Hocks, Moselles, and Burgundies, Champagnes from Giesler, Perrier Jouet, and the Company's Agency in the Champagne Districts.

STILL WINES.—Selected from the best vintages by the Company's Coblentz Agency.

BORDEAUX WINES.—Burgundies, Sauternes, Clarets. These Wines have been known for many years past as of superior quality and the best value for their prices imported into India.

SPIRITS.—Rums, Gins, Whiskies, and Brandies. These are well-known importations, and the latter find an increasing sale, the Heart labelled being highly approved of and in great demand.

LIQUEURS, CORDIALS, and BITTERS.—The largest and choicest selection in India.

ALES, STOUTS COOPER AND CIDER, of the best brands.

FOR TOKENS OF GOOD-WILL,

THE FANCY STOCK DEPARTMENT

Affords a large choice of

LEATHER AND VELVET GOODS.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.
Arranged to take C. D. V. and Cabinets with spare leaves for views.

LANDSCAPE ALBUMS.
For Views and Photographic Scraps.

EASEL ALBUMS.
Arranged for C. D. V.'s and Cabinets.

WRITING DESKS.
Suitable for the Office or Boudoir.

TOURISTS' CASES,
In Russia or Morocco Leather,
For the use of Travellers and Tourists.

WORK BOXES.
In Leather or Velvet.
Neatly fitted.

ETUI.

CIGAR AND CIGARETTE CASES.

DATE RACKS.

NECESSAIRES.

&c, &c.

FITTED DRESSING BAGS.
A very handsome selection of various kinds in Russia or Morocco Leather.

DRESSING CASES.
For Ladies or Gentlemen.

JEWEL CASES.
Russia Leather, elegantly finished.

PERFUME CASES.
Containing 2 or 3 bottles,
In Russia, Morocco and Velvet.

GLOVE AND HANDKERCHIEF BOXES.
In Russia and Morocco Leather.

ENVELOPE CASES.
In Morocco or Russia Leather,
Handsomely finished.

LADIES' BELTS.

POCKET PHOTO CASES.

SMOKERS' COMPANIONS.

&c., &c.

And a magnificent assortment of nic-nacs in Ormolu Oxydized Metal, Algerian Marble and Ivory.

THE JEWELLERY DEPARTMENT

Is replete with the newest designs of

BRACELETS,
Worked Gold, or set with Jewels.

BROOCHES,
Worked Gold or Jewelled, with and without Pendants.

EARRINGS,
Plain Gold, of elegantly Worked and Jewelled.

SUITES OF BRACELET, BROOCH, AND EARRINGS,
Worked Gold or Jewelled.

DEMI-SUITES OF BROOCH AND EARRINGS;

LOCKETS,
Plain Gold, or Jewelled;
Of the best London manufacture.

LOCKET AND NECKLETS,
Plain Gold, or Jewelled;
Of the best London manufacture, in case complete.

NECK CHAINS,
for suspension of Lockets.

WATCH CHAINS,
Ladies' Victoria and Gentlemen's Albert.

CHARMS for the WATCH CHAIN,
Various and Curious.

PEN AND PENCIL CASES;
Spiral Spring and Telescope.

LADIES' JEWELLED RINGS,
Half Hoop or Gipsy (Jewelled Guard)
A very beautiful assortment.

GENTLEMEN'S RINGS,
Plain Gold, or Jewelled.

BREAST STUDS,
Plain Gold, or Jewelled, in sets of three.

COLLAR STUDS,
Plain Gold, or Jewelled.

SLEEVE LINKS,
Plain Gold or Jewelled;

SUITES OF STUDS AND LINKS,
Plain Gold, or Jewelled;
In Morocco cases, containing each
1 Collar Stud, 3 Breast Studs, 1 Pair Links.

SCARF PINS,
Worked Gold, Crystals, or Jewelled.

SCARF RINGS,
A variety of pretty patterns.

THE ELECTRO-PLATE DEPARTMENT

is richly stocked with

EPERGNES, DESSERT AND FLOWER STANDS.

PICKLE FRAMES.

CLARET JUGS.

SPIRIT AND LIQUEUR FRAMES.

BISCUIT BOXES.

EGG FRAMES.

TOAST RACKS.

CRUET STANDS.

MUFFINEERS.

ICE PITCHERS.

ICE PAILS,

SALVERS.

TEA SERVICES.

JAM AND MARMALADE JARS.

FISH KNIVES AND CARVERS.

DESERT KNIVES.

OVAL SIDE DISHES.

SALT CELLARS.

DESERT FRUIT SPOONS.

SODAWATER AND PEG STANDS.

BUTTER DISHES.

EGG BOILERS.

NAPKIN RINGS.

AND A VARIETY OF OTHER ARTICLES FOR THE TABLE.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

WE pay great attention to this Department. It is managed by a first class European Cutter, and our customers may always rely on perfect satisfaction.

Our Stock is selected from the best known Woollen Manufacturers in England and Scotland, and it is replenished by regular shipments of New Goods. In style and quality it will be found equal to the best West-End houses in London, and the prices quoted will bear very favourable comparison with them.

A. AND L.'S SPECIALITIES.

CASH PRICES.

	Rs. a.
Twist Tweed, strong and useful, a very stout. The suit of Double or Single-breasted Sac Coat and Trousers	25 0
Indie Tweed, made of beautifully soft wool, very light and comfortable. The suit as above	30 0
Blue Serge, indigo-dyed in the Yarn, perfectly fast in color, durable, and wearable in all seasons. The suit as above	30 0
Best Angolas, first class quality, new patterns, thoroughly shrunk, and strongly recommended for general wear	35 0
Warm Suits, made from stout Angola or Shepherd's Burn Cheviots, suitable for the cold season of a sea journey	45 0
	52 0

FROCK COATS.

For Special Wear, "Garden Parties," &c.	
The best Black and Blue diagonal and fancy Mats, West of England manufacture, made and finished in first class style	40 0 / 50 0
The finest Black or Blue Venetian or Broadcloth, finished as above	45 0 / 55 0

CRICKETING OR GYMKHANA SUITS.

Best white wool, thoroughly shrunk, Double or Single Breasted Sac Coat and Trousers	30 0
Shirt of thinner texture, collar attached	9 0
„ double breasted	10 0

RIDING TROUSERS OR BREECHES.

Are cut on improved principles

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

FRIDAY EVENING, DEC. 6TH, 1878.

THE Bombay Mails of 18th ult. arrived at Brindisi on Wednesday.

Yesterday's London telegrams advise a recovery in Consols from 94⅜ to 94⅝. French Rentes remain at 112½. The Money Market is somewhat tighter again, the Market rate of discount for 6 months' sight Bills having advanced to 4½ per cent., owing no doubt to the weekly return of the Bank of England being less favourable than its predecessor, the proportion of the Reserve to Lisabilities having declined from 41 15-16 to 40½ per cent. The Reserve of Notes shows a decrease of £700,000 and Bullion £100,000, whereas the amount of Bills discounted has increased £100,000,

Coffee is reported to be steady at 99s. for Mid.-Plantation, 67s. for Good Ord. Native Ceylon and 74s. per cwt. for Mysore. Cocoanut Oil is unaltered as also are Seeds, the Markets for both Linseed and Rapeseed being dull.

The Piece Goods Market in Manchester yesterday was dull, and the Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet with sales estimated at 10,000 bales, of which 800 were Surats, which were in moderate enquiry. Spot quotations show a further decline of 1-16 in Mid.Orleans. Fair Dollera and Good Esir Oomras are unchanged at 4 3-16d. and 4 9-16d. per lb. respectively, but G. F. M. G. Broach has declined 1-16d., G. F. S. G. Dharwar 3 16d., and G. F. Hingunghaut 1-16d. per lb. The quotations for Bengal and Madras descriptions are the same as on Wednesday. The Receipts at the American Ports yesterday were larger again although less by 5,000 bales than on the corresponding day last year. A rapid downward movement appears to have at last set in in Liverpool, and as we must have a continuance of large receipts for some weeks to come, we can hardly look for any improvement in the staple until the Spring of next year, by which time the bottom of the Market should, in the ordinary course of events be reached. What the 'bottom' will be is naturally merely a matter of conjecture, but judging from present appearances we should say that it would be safer to calculate upon the value of Fair Dhollera being at 3d. than 4d. per lb. in Liverpool at the time when the crop will be arriving here in quantity in April next.

Yesterday's telegram from New York quotes ready Mid.-Uplands at 9½ and Future for March delivery at 9⅝ cents. per lb.

The receipts of cotton at the U. S. Ports to date show the following comparisons with the past two seasons :—

	1878.	1877.	1876.
Thursday's Receipts.....	31,000	36,000	24,000
Six days' Receipts.....	163,000	146,000	151,000
Total since 1st Sept.....	1,887,000	1,650,000	1,995,000

Bar Silver is not quoted by Reuter, but private advices lead one to suppose that the market is so weak and the demand for remittance to the East so slight that the metal is simply unquotable. No shipments are advised by yesterday's P. and O. steamer from Southampton.

STERLING EXCHANGE opened this morning at yesterday's rates, and although there has been no quotable change established, the feeling has been weaker all round. The Banks show more disposition to buy than sell, especially since the arrival of the telegram intimating that India would have to bear the expense of the Afghan Campaign; this will probably necessitate an increase in the weekly sales of Council Drafts in London, and a consequent decline in the rates of Exchange which our export trade in its present state will not be sufficient to counteract. We quote :—

Bank Bills, on demand		...1s. 7¾d.	per Rs.
Do.	6 months' sight...	...1s. 7 15-16d.	,,
Credits,	3 ,, ,,	...1s. 7 13-16d.	,,
Documents,	3 ,, ,,	...1s. 7¾d.	,,
France,	3 ,, ,,	...2·09.	,,

On Calcutta the quotations remain the same for demand Drafts at 100 3-16 and for 60 days' sight Bills at 99¼.

GOVERNMENT PAPER is weak at Rs. 94⅓ for the Old Loans and Rs. 99¼ to Rs. 99½ for the New Fours-and-a-half per cent. Loan.

The SHARE MARKET, as a general rule, has been weaker again to-day. Bank Shares are unchanged. In Land Companies the only alteration is in Colabas which have declined Rs. 15 per share. In Spinning and Weaving Companies Alfred Mills have declined to Rs. 25, Bombay United Rs. 15, Colabas Rs. 10, Coorlas Rs. 40, Great Eastern Rs. 10. Morarjees Rs. 10 and Nurseys Rs. 5. Hindustans have advanced Rs. 5 and Manockjee Petits Rs. 5. In Miscellaneous Companies the shares of the Bombay Burmah Trading Company have declined to Rs. 2,065 and of the Malabar Company to Rs. 28 per share.

The COTTON MARKET is very dull, and although quotations are nominally almost the same as yesterday, we hear of transactions in old Cotton at Rs. 7 to Rs. 8 per candy below the nominal quotations. On the other hand, although the nominal quotation of New Hingunghaut for January delivery is Rs. 205 per candy, there are no sellers, excepting at Rs. 215 owing to the lateness of the crop; and small lots of recent arrivals are selling at Rs. 210 per candy. To-day's rates for good Oomras are Rs. 183 for January and Rs. 180 per February delivery.

LINSEED is unchanged at Rs. 6-7 to Rs. 6 8 per cwt. for ready parcels. Sellers are still refusing to contract for forward delivery on the new terms, i. e., guaranteed not more than 6 per cent. loss in weight.

RAPESEED we still quote at Rs. 7-2 per cwt. for ready and Rs. 7 per cwt. for New for April delivery.

FREIGHTS continue very quiet. For Liverpool by steamer the quotation for ready shipment is still 7s. 6d. to 10s. per ton for Seeds and 12s. 6d. to 15s. per ton for Cotton. There is still no enquiry for sailing tonnage.

In COAL there is nothing doing to arrive, and on the spot the Market is also very quiet.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
Statement of Traffic for the Week ending 30th November 1878, Open 1,288¼ miles.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Coaching	1,71,637	9	6
Merchandize	4,95,931	9	6
Telegraph	992	0	0
Total Rs.....	6,67,921	1	6

Corresponding Week last year, open 1,288¼ miles ..... Total Rs..... 5,82,082 7 9
Increase..... 85,858 9 9

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE AND LISTS OF PASSENGERS BY SEA.

THE S. S. BEN GLOE, 1,198 tons, Captain J. W. BUCHANAN, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, in ballast.

THE BARQUE FATHE SALEM, 618 tons, Captain J. D'Costa, will sail to-day for Chittagong, in ballast.

THE S. S. MULA, 548 tons, Captain C. DORT, sailed yesterday for Cutch, with a general cargo, and 60 deck passengers.

THE S. S. OCRUN, 162 tons, Captain G. J. BAKER, will sail to-day for Coast and Cutch, with a general cargo and Captain WRAY, and 115 deck passengers.

THE BARQUE BEAU MAUDE, 1,047 tons, Captain T. HAWKINS, arrived in harbour yesterday from Moulmein, 11th October, with a cargo of timber. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s S.S. VINGOELA, 315 tons, Captain R. D. Dougherty, arrived in harbour on the 5th instant from Kattywar Coast and Karrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Dr. Kelley, Dr. Morton, Mr. Cuff, and 186 deck passengers.

THE S.S. ALABAMA, 1,165 tons, Captain W. Humphries, arrived in harbour on the 6th inst. from Goa, 4th Dec., with the following passengers :—Mr. H. J. Rowell, Mrs. W. Jarvis, Mrs. Daniels, Mr. J. A. Lazaro, Rev. Martin, Mr. Fernandes, Mr. D. B. Dias, Mr. Fontes, Mr. A. Moniz, Dr. Gomes, Mr. and Mrs. Cabral, Miss Morgan, Rev. B. Fernandes, Rev. C. Pereira, Mr. J. B. Fernandes, Mr. Jones, Mr. Mendes, and 83 deck passengers. She sailed yesterday for same port with 25 first class, 30 second class, and 200 deck passengers.

THE P. AND O. Co's S. S. PEKIN, 2,998 tons, Captain W. Woolcott, which arrived in harbour on the 4th inst, from Southampton, brought the following cargo :—873 packages piecegoods, 28 cases cochineal, 35 cases umbrellas, 70 packages paper, 434 cases provision, 35 cases whisky, 275 cases oilmanstore, 500 bundles steel, 12 bales twist, 434 casks beer, 7 cases glassware, 3 cases boots, 53 kegs shots, 89 cases wine and spirits, 42 cases candles, 5 packages specie, 7 cases earthenware, 4 packages cloves, 30 cases cod-liver oil, 5 cases brass, 13 cases tobacco, 7 bundles E. teeth, 447 packages gum, 1 box gold, 19 cases incense, 3 packages honey, 223 packages tea, 3 packages mother-o'-pearl shell, and many packages merchandise, and transhipment cargo for China.

DEPARTURE OF THE AUSTRALANMAIL.

THE P. AND O. Co's S. S. TANJORE, 1,402 tons, Captain W. W. Fentiman, sailed yesterday for Australia, with the Australian Mail, general cargo, and the following passengers :—For Melbourne.—Mr. Bomars, Mr. Walker, and Mr. and Mrs. H. Coates. For Colombo.—Mr. J. B. Johnson and child.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
5	Vingoela (s).....	Dougherty ...	Karrachee, Dec 2.
	Alabama (s)	Humphries	Goa, Dec 4.
6	Ben Monde	Hawkins	Moulmein, Oct 11.
	Erminita	Love	Moulmein, Oct 26.
	Hindoostan	Singer	Mauritius, Nov 3.

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destinations.
5	H. M. S. Serapis ...	Davidson	England.
	Alabama (s).....	Humphries	Goa.
	Mula (s)	Doert	Cutch.
	Ben Gloe (s)	Buchanan.....	Calcutta.
	Tanjore (s)	Fentiman	Australia.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday :—
Steamer Ocrun, Baker, to Coast and Cutch.
Barque Fathe Salem, DaCosta, to Chittagong.

The steamer Pekin, to China, was entered for loading yesterday

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.
2 Canute ..... Anthony ..... Calcutta, Oct 30.
Shelomith..... Danvers ..... Muscat, Oct 4.
Wave..... Bugge ..... Algoa Bay, Sept 17.

DEPARTURES.

Dec. 2 —Steamers Arabia, City of Canterbury Duke of Devonshire, Cydonia and Crusader. Barques Emilie and Marlborough, and a ship (numbers undistinguishable.)

PASSENGERS.

Per Shelomith—6 Natives deck.

VESSELS SPOKEN.

By Canute—Leonce Lacosh—News encountered a cyclone on the 5th and 6th of November. Ship struck by heavy seas which caused her to spring a leak and compelled her to put back.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.
3 Nepaul (s)..... ..... Southampton.

ARRIVAL OF PASSENGERS.

Per s.s Nepaul :—From Southampton to Madras—Captain Fisher, Mr Atkinson, Mr and Mrs Timpany and child, Miss Hammond, Mr and Mrs Nicholls and Mr Parrott and infant. From Venice—Mr Mounsey and Mr Brown. From Melbourne—Mr Clerk. From Galle—Mr G H Purvis, Mrs Purvis Miss Purvis, Mr Harrison.

DAILY IMPORTS.—DECEMBER 6.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Standard s—3 packages hardware, Essoofally Hipbtools.
Clan Alpine s—33 packages American clocks and time pieces, Muncherjee Cursetjee.
Wistow Hall—5 kegs white lead, Moorarjee Nathu.
European s—5 cases butter, Gwen and Okell.
Branksome Hall s—4 packages hardware, Bhoymejee Ebrahim.

FROM LONDON.

Surat s—5 cases black cochineal, Ghellabhoy Howjee; 1 hogshead old tom, C Bounevialle and Co.
Khiva s—30 cases champagne, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Avondale s—9 cases clocks and time pieces, the Agra Bank.
Australia s—500 kegs red lead, Moorarjee Nathu.
Stelvio s—12 cases port, Cutler Palmer and Co.
Zoroastra s—20 cases rum, Cutler Palmer and Co.
Lumley Castle s—402 packages steel, Abdoolally, Sumsoodin.

FROM GLASGOW.

Ben Gloe s—21 packages earthenware, Jaffer Rehimtoola.

FROM GENOA.

Australia s—100 cases brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons.

DAILY EXPORTS.—DECEMBER 6.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Atalanta s—32 bales hides, Esmail Gool Momed; 45 bales wool, Goculdass Toolseedas; 50 bales wo l, Hurjeevan Vassonjee; 46 bales wool, Jewandas Premjee; 250 bales cotton, Nurses Khuttow.

FOR LONDON.

Wenlock—400 cwts bones, Cassum Esmail.

FOR TRIESTE.

Surat s—400 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Salisbury s—145 cwts paper, Rahimtoolabhoy Khayraz.

FOR GENOA.

Branksome Hall s—100 bales cotton, Feel, Cassels and Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Cyenus s—114 bales cotton, Tejpal Jumnadass; 37 bales cotton, Jankedass Sowdayall; 220 bales cotton, Gunga Soor Bhugwandass.
Bushcer s—100 bales cotton, Knoop and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Pekin s—5 cases gum; 10 bales senna leaves, and 1 sale laiep, D S Kemp and Co; 209 bales cotton, David Sassoon and Co; 2, bales twist, Forbes and Co; 31 bales twist, Ardaseer Merwanjee.

FOR HONGKONG.

Pekin—80 cases sharkfins, Ludhabhoy Chuttoo; 44 cases sharkfins and 4 cases fishmaws, Mitha Munjee; 10 cases fishmaws, 62 cases sharkfins and 7 cases peacockfeathers, Fazul Mahomed Dama; 120 cases sharkfins and 5 cases fishmaws Currimbhoy Ebram; 40 cases sharkfins, Dawoodbhoy Hussen; 69 bales cotton, Bhanjee Purushotam, and Co; 75 bales twist, The Alliance S and W Co; 200 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 196 bales twist, E D Sassoon; 1 cwt nuts and rice, Currimbhoy Ebram; 34 chests opium, Nursey Keesowjee and Co; 6 bales twist, Forbes and Co; 85 bales twist, Ardaseer Merwanjee; 6 bales twist, Heerjeebhoy Cowasjee; 6 cases sharkfins, Dattoobhoy Dasan; 45 sharkfins, Joomabhoy Lalljee 30 bales twist, Hajee Abdoola Noormahomed; 16 cases sharkfins, Currim Fuckeerbhoy.

FOR SHANGAI.

Pekin s—20 bales yarn, Aldridge, Salmon and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA,
BOMBAY, 5th December 1878.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 6 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·824
Temperature of the Air	80·4
Wet Bulb Thermometer	71·4
Dew Point	67·1
Relative humidity of Air	70·4
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8).	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.).....	87·2
Minimum do. (read at 10 a.m.)	72·2
General Direction of Wind...N, NE, ENE, NE, NW, NNW, N.	
Movement of wind in 24 hours	263

HIGH COURT—DECEMBER 7.

(Before the Honorable the Chief JUSTICE and the Honorable SIR CHARLES SARGENT.)

Appeal for hearing and final disposal.

365-78—H Bicknell—Hajee Haroon Mahomed vs Dhondiraj Venayek Munsukhlal.—Part heard.

[Before the Honourable Mr. JUSTICE GREEN.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSE.

For Council's reply.

236-78—C L and Owen—Jiurryvallabdass Culliandass and another vs Bhoychund Vurdman and another—Crawford and B and Rimington, H and C.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—DECEMBER 4.

Warden, Lieut, Comt Dept, on leave, from Aden.
Turnbull, Surg Major, from leave, from England.

DECEMBER 5.

Mellin, Captain, Sappers and Miners, on duty, from Kirkee.
Gay, Col. R A, on leave, from Simla.
Browne, Lieut, 68th Regt, on leave, from Madras.
Scott, Lieut Col, 21st Madras N I, on leave, from Bellary.
Kelly, Surg Major, on sick leave, from Quetta.

DECEMBER 6.

Robertson, Lieut, 1-14th Regt, on duty, from Ramkhet.
Geoghegan, Lieut, 2nd Sind Horse, on duty, from Mhow.

DEPARTURES.—DECEMBER 5.

Kettlewell, Lieut Col, 20th Bombay N I, on duty, to Baroda.
Goodfellow Col, R E, on duty, to Surat.

DECEMBER 6.

Tyndall, Captain, Staff, from leave, to Poona.
Turnbull, Surg Major, on duty, to Poona.
Stockwell, Major, 72nd Highlanders, on duty, to Thull.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF,
Adjutant General's Office, Head-Quarters,
Poona, 6th December 1878.

The following Orders are confirmed :—

7th Regt Light Cavalry—Regimental order, dated 8th November 1878, appointing Lieut G F Thunder, Interpreter to the battalion, with effect from the 6th November 1878.

2nd Regt Light Cavalry—Regimental order, dated 23rd November 1878, directing Lieut Jackson, Squadron Officer, to officiate as Adjt in addition to his own duties, vice Lieut Hay proceeding on medical certificate.

2nd Regt Light Cavalry—Regimental Order, dated 25th November 1878, directing Major Stafford, officiating 2nd Squadron Commander, to officiate as second in command, Captain Owen, Squadron Officer, to officiate as second squadron commander, and Lieut Pringle, officiating Squadron Officer, to officiate as third squadron commander (no senior officer being available) in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 20th idem, in succession to Major Macnaghten proceeded on leave.

3rd Regt Queen's Own Light Cavalry—Regimental order, dated 29th November 1878 directing Lieut W C Owen, officiating squadron officer, to officiate as 3rd squadron commander, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 9th November 1878 (no officer being available) vice Capt Stevens appointed officiating Deputy Assistant Adjt Genl, Sind District.

Poona Horse—Regt order, dated 24th November 1878, directing Lieut Anderson, Adjt, to officiate as second in command, in addition to his own duties, as a temporary arrangement (no senior officer being available) vice Major Philips transferred to the 2nd Sind Horse.

2nd Regt Sind Horse—Regimental order, dated the 11th Oct. 1878 directing Lieut G F A Gavin, officiating squadron officer, to officiate as third squadron commander, in addition to his own duties, as temporary arrangement (no senior officer being available) vice Lieut A M Monteith transferred to the 3rd Sind Horse.

5th Regt N I—Regimental order, dated 18th November 1878, directing Lieut Seymour, officiating wing officer, to officiate as quartermaster in addition to his own duties, as a temporary measure (no senior officer being available.)

19th Regt N I—Regimental order dated 14th Nov 1878, directing Major Wandby, wing commander, to officiate as second in command, Capt Trent, Quartermaster, to officiate as wing commander, and Lieut Walter, wing officer, to officiate as Quartermaster in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 13th Nov, in succession to Major Jacob proceeded on medical certificate.

The following transfer of officers are ordered.

Lieut T F Geoghegan from 6th N I (offg wing officer) to 2nd Sind Horse (offg squadron officer.)

Sub-Lieut W Whately from Poona Horse (attached to 3rd Hussars) to 2nd Sind Horse.

Sub-Lieut J I Frances from 15th N I (attached to 2-11th Foot) to 5th N I.

Sub-Lieut E C Cox from 14th N I (attached to 1-2nd Foot) to 6th N I.

Sub-Lieut F Whittuck from 20th N I (attached to 1-2nd Foot) to 12th N I.

Sub-Lieut C M Gray from 1st N I to 15th N I.

Sub-Lieut J S Ashley from 10th N L I (attached to 2-17th Foot) to 25th N I.

Sub-Lieut F C Stayner from 15th N I (attached to 1-2nd Foot) to 19th N I.

Sub-Lieut C R Phillips from 8th N I (attached to 1-2nd Foot) to 24th N I.

The undermentioned Sub-Lieuts at present attached to British Battalions will rejoin their respective Corps :—

Sub-Lieut A E Leslie, 2nd N I, attached to 66th Foot.
Sub-Lieut G D Giles, 19th N I, attached to 66th Foot.
Sub-Lieut F B Chapman, 24th N I, attached to 2-57th Foot.
Sub-Lieut R I S Cullon, 23rd N L I attached to 2-11th Foot.

The above named officers will travel on duty at the public expense under Transport Regulations part I (para 188) and part II (para 159.)

The undermentioned officers returned to duty by permission of the Secretary of State for India, on the 28th Nov 1878.

Brigadier General W W Barry, C B, Royal Arty, commanding Belgaum District.

Lieut Col H Wyville, C B, staff corps, commanding 27th N I.

Lieut Col T Kithewell, staff corps, 2nd in command 20th N I.

Major F J Smith, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer Public Works Department.

The Commander-in-Chief is pleased to make the following appointment.

Bombay Staff—Captain R H Dewing 27th Foot, to be staff officer Neemuch, vice Captain.

With reference to G G O No 68 of 1878. Sub-Lieut I. A Gordon, 56th Foot (attached 1st cavalry) is attached to the 3rd Hussars Mhow, and will join forthwith travelling on duty at the public expense under Para 159 Transport Regulations part II.

Surgeon E Tully is transferred from General duty Poona Division to general duty Kurrachee (for service with the Frontier Field Force) travelling expeditiously by Rail and steamer at the public expense under Transport Regulations part II (para 59) and part I (para 190.)

22nd Regiment N I—Regimental order dated 25th Nov 1878, directing Captain Steuart, wing officer, to officiate as wing commander in addition to his own duties vice Major Wooldridge.

The following order is confirmed as a temporary measure :—

Neemuch Station order dated 23rd November 1878 directing Captain G O Hamilton, Adjt 16th Regt N L I to perform the duties of station staff officer, in addition to his own, vice Capt Gordon, 69th Foot.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence.

Royal Horse Artillery—Major R R Franks, E Battery B Brigade on Medical Certificate.

Royal Engineers—Lieut C McG Bate, from Cyprus to England to appear before a Medical Board.

Army Medical Department—Surgeon Major R C Hayden, to remain in England from the 18th October 1878 to 17th January 1879, on medical certificate.

Surgeon Major T M O'Brian, to Bombay for 3 months and 15 days, from date of departure, on medical certificate.

Surgeon Major R I Parr, to remain in England, from 6th November 1878 to 5th January 1879, on medical certificate, in extension.

Surgeon Major G White, to Bombay and thence to England from date of embarkation, to appear before a Medical Board.

ORDERS BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Adjutant General's Office, Simla, November 27.

The C-in-C in India is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Convalescent Depots, Naini Tal :—Captain (Brevet Major) Carwithen, 25th Regiment, to officiate as Commandant, vice Colonel Browne, proceeded on field service.

The C-in-C in India is pleased to sanction the following transfer of a Staff Corps probationer :—

20th N I—Lieut Faithfull, from the 7th N I, to be Officiating Wing Officer on probation.

Major R Morris, late 1st European Light Cavalry, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General on the establishment, recently returned from furlough, is posted to the Sangor district.

Captain Ives, General List, Infantry, having vacated his appointment of Station Staff Officer, Peshawar, on proceeding on general leave, is re-appointed to that post.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, the names of the following officers are to be added to the list of officers detailed for duty at the regimental depots : Captain Pearson, 1-18th Foot ; Captain Joyce, 56th Foot ; Captain Davidson, 72nd Foot.

The leave of absence granted to Lieut Mayne, 1-25th Foot, is cancelled at his own request.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence :—

Royal Horse Artillery—Colonel A Light to Bombay, and thence to England, on private affairs, preparatory to retiring from the service.

9th Lancers—Sub-Lieut Lamont, to thirty days.

Royal Artillery—Colonel D Gaye, to Bombay, on private affairs, preparatory to retiring from the service. Major Ellis, to England, to appear before a medical board. Lieut Beaufort to England, from the 8th October 1878 to the 7th January 1880, on private affairs.

1-2nd Foot—Major Waring to England, for fifteen months, on urgent private affairs.

1-3rd Foot—Lieut Coles to England, to appear before a medical board.

1-4th Foot—Major Wolseley, to England, to appear before a medical board.

65th Foot—Lieut Way to England, to appear before a medical board.

82nd Foot—Lieut Stirling to England, to appear before a medical board.

Surgeon Major A Turner, (doing duty 12th Lancers,) to England, to appear before a medical board.

COURT MARTIAL.

Adjutant General's Office, Simla, November 29.

At a General Court Martial assembled at Hingoli on the 29th October, Ressaldar Meer Fyze Ali, 4th Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent, was arraigned on the following charge :—

With conduct to the prejudice of good order and Military discipline, in having, at Hingoli, on the 6th June, refused to quit the state of arrest in which he had been placed by his commanding officer, Captain Cummins, saying, at the same time, "I will not take my belt," or words to that effect.

Finding—The Court find that the prisoner is guilty of the charge.

Sentence—The Court sentence the prisoner to be suspended from rank, pay and allowances for a period of two months.

MATHADEEN, Subadar Major.

CONFIRMED.
FRED P HAINES, General,
Commander-in-Chief in India.

MADRAS GOVERNMENT'S MILITARY ORDERS.

His Grace the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Major J Ewing, Staff Corps, to be Deputy Quartermaster-General, vice Colonel Scott, retired.

The undermentioned Officer has reported his return from Europe :—

Lieut-Colonel Plowden, Infantry, Wing Commander, 20th N I.

The undermentioned Officer has reported his return from Europe :—

Brigadier-General F G Kempster, Staff Corps, Commanding Cedes Districts.

The undermentioned Officers are admitted to the Madras Staff Corps from the 3rd July 1877, and promoted to the rank of Lieut :—Sub-Lieut Teversham, Her Majesty's 21st Foot, Wing Officer, 3rd N I ; Sub-Lieut Stevens, 21st Foot, Officiating Wing Officer, 3rd N I.

CALENDAR FOR DECEMBER.—1878.

PHASES OF THE MOON.
Full Moon.....10th, 0h. 41'1m. p. m.

Date.	Remarks.	Sun rises. A.M.	Sun sets. P.M.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Dec.					
Sat. 7	.....	6 22	5 21	{ 9 16 m 10 31 a	3 46 m 5 40 a
Sun. 8	2nd Sunday in Advent	6 23	5 21	{ 9 55 m 11 7 a	4 26 m 6 16 a
Mon. 9	.....	6 24	5 21	{ 10 33 m 11 42 a	5 5 m 4 53 a
Tues. 10	.....	6 24	5 22	{ 11 12 m	5 40 a 5 31 a
Wed. 11	English Mail expected	6 25	5 22	{ 0 17 m 11 49 a	6 16 m 6
Th. 12	.....	6 25	5 22	{ 0 50 m 0 29 a	6 52 m 6 46 a
Fri. 13	.....	6 26	5 23	{ 1 28 m 1 13 a	7 32 m 7 26 a

MESSRS. DAVIS,
SURGEON DENTISTS,
7, RAMPART, ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.
PAINFUL and aching Teeth medically treated and filled, thereby avoiding extraction and rendering them perfectly sound and useful for mastication.
N.B.—Charges strictly moderate.

THE PHONOGRAPH.
"One of the most remarkable of the recent marvels of science."—The London "Times."

THE PHONOGRAPH,
OR
SOUND-WRITER AND SPEAKING MACHINE.
Under special arrangements made with the Licensees, Mr. SAMUEL HARRADEN will exhibit the PHONOGRAPH at the Pianoforte Saloons of S. ROSE and Co., 9, Rampart Row, Bombay.

THE MICROPHONE
In its newest and improved form will also be shown.
By means of the MICROPHONE, sounds that have hitherto been entirely unappreciable by the human ear, are made distinctly audible. The sound of writing, the fall of particles of salt, the movements of minute insects, and other wonderful acoustical phenomena, can be distinctly heard at very great distances.
Exhibition on SATURDAY, Dec. 7th, 11 a.m., 3 p.m., and 5 p.m.
" MONDAY, Dec. 9th, 11 a.m., 3 p.m., and 5 p.m.
Each Exhibition will last about half an hour.
Admission, each person Rs. 3.
(Terms for Exhibitions at private residences can be had on application at 9, Rampart Row.)

NOTICE.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS for HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR and the PRIVATE SECRETARY should continue to be sent to GOVERNMENT HOUSE, MALABAR POINT, BOMBAY, during the absence of His Excellency on tour.

G. H. R. HART,
Acting Private Secretary to H. E. the Governor.
Government House, Malabar Point, Bombay,
4th December 1878.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BIRTHS.

STACK—November 27th, at Dacca, the wife of Mr. G. A. Stack, Bengal Educational Department, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

LEFAUCHEUR—MINTO—November 20th, at Bimlipatam, C. LeFaucheur, to Eliza Jane, daughter of Captain R. Minto, Master Attendant of Bimlipatam.

M'HROGH—HAYWARD—December 4th, at the R. C. Cathedral, Madras, by the Lord Bishop of the Diocese, Edmund Ghunese Morrogh, Major, M. S. C., eldest son of George Morrogh, Esq., late Madras Service, to Florence Elizabeth Mary, only child of H. W. Hayward, Esq., Beverly Villas, Colchester, and grand-daughter of the late P. P. Hackette, Esq., M. D., Cashel, Co. Tipperary, Ireland.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1878.

GENERAL ROBERTS has won a really brilliant success and given proofs of good generalship which must be most gratifying to everyone who has at heart the honour of the British army. It will be remembered that on the 29th of November the General made a reconnaissance in force of the enemy's position in the Peiwar Pass, and, finding him very strongly posted there, determined to attempt a turning movement through the Spingawi Pass. The ascent of the Peiwar Pass itself from the Kurram valley side is very steep and difficult, the road crossing several deep ravines running through broken ground covered with oak tree jungle, and afterwards climbing up to the Kotal, or crest of the Pass, by a regular zigzag which is hardly practicable for guns even when dragged up by ropes. The road over the Spingawi Pass, according to MacGregor, crosses the same ridge as the Peiwar Kotal. From Habibkala, the village near the foot of the Peiwar ascent, it "turns sharp up the valley, along the bed of a "deep ravine east of the valley; it then passes "Gundi Khel, and from this point there is a "regular ascent to the summit of the Pass. "Leaving the bed of the nullah hitherto traversed, the road passes through a forest of pines, "deodars, and oaks to the top of the range; "the gradient is not very difficult till near the "summit, and guns upon elephants might be "taken over." Marching by this road on the night of the 1st inst. with part of his force, General Roberts succeeded at daybreak on Monday in taking the enemy completely by surprise. The 72nd Highlanders and 5th Goorkhas are the only regiments mentioned as taking part in this turning movement; and they are said by the General to have driven the enemy successively from one position after another, but to have been unable on account of the difficulties of the ground to reach the Peiwar Kotal. General Roberts then made a change in his mode of attack which shows great coolness of judgment and readiness of resource. Withdrawing the turning column from the line on which they had been operating, he placed them as to threaten the road by which the enemy would have to retreat towards the Shutargurdun Pass; and then developed a front attack on the Peiwar by the troops left in the Kurram valley camp, the 8th Foot and 5th Punjab Infantry being especially spoken of as engaged in this attack. Thus simultaneously threatened in front and rear, the enemy, who are said to have made a vigorous defence in the early part of the day, fled as evening drew on, leaving behind them all their guns, which, indeed, they could not hope to carry with them along the mountain tracks. General Roberts does not speak of having made any prisoners; but he has trophies enough, the chief of them being that he has taken with very slight loss a most formidable position. It will be observed that we were in error in saying the other day that there was only one battalion of European Infantry in the Kurram valley column. We accepted the statement to this effect published only a fortnight ago in the *Gazette of India*, the more so as we had heard that the 72nd Highlanders were ordered to halt at Kohat. But General Roberts seems to have had with him a wing of the 72nd as well as the 8th Foot, and admirable service they appear to have done. The news of the victory reached London on Thursday just in time for Lord Beaconsfield to make the most of it in his speech on the Afghan War; and it may possibly have the splendid results the Premier anticipates if it encourages the Government of India to order a simultaneous advance on Kabul by both Sir Sam Browne's and General Roberts's columns. The Afghans evidently cannot fight against our troops; and the main difficulty will be that of transport. General Roberts, who had outstripped his supplies, was obliged to halt for three days after achieving his victory before moving forwards to the Shuturgurdun Pass. If the demoralization of the enemy is complete, he may cross this Pass also, though it cannot be turned like the Peiwar Pass, with his infantry and mountain guns, and descend into the Logur valley, only 45 miles from Kabul. To ordinary apprehension, the enterprise would be a very perilous one, for the General would hardly have 3,000 men left after guarding his communications; but audacity seems now the best weapon to be used. If meanwhile Sir Sam Browne has been allowed to push forward beyond Jellalabad, as it is plain from his telegrams he is most anxious to do, the combined movement of the two columns would ensure the fall of the Afghan capital before the end of the year. But the country has probably been swept bare of supplies, and the maintenance of both columns at so great a distance from their bases of supplies would be a stupendous and almost, one would think, an impracticable task at a season when the ground within 100 miles of Kabul is usually covered with snow.

THE notice of motion given by the Under-Secretary of State for India, that the Afghan War shall be made chargeable on the Indian revenues, is consistent with sound policy and with the principles which have hitherto regulated the relations between England and her great Eastern dependency. Mr. Fawcett and other friends of humanity seem to hold the amazing creed that the English nation, which has taken the trouble to conquer India, ought to show its sense of the value of this acquisition by relieving India from the burden, which as an independent State she would have to bear, of paying the cost of any foreign wars in which she may happen to be engaged. This would be a convenient arrangement for the people of India; and it is quite possible that other weak States would like to be conquered on the same terms, and to be made perfectly secure against the attacks of foreign enemies by the fleets and armies of a great Power, whose excessive generosity led it to maintain soldiers and men-of-war for the express purpose of putting them gratuitously at the service of subject nations. Mr. Fawcett and his friends must, however, be perfectly well aware that the practical English people are not at all inclined to rule India on such conditions, and would rather cut this country adrift from the Empire than pay the expenses of Indian wars; and, though we acquit Mr. Fawcett himself of any conscious desire for the severance of the Indian connexion, this is the end which some of his associates are working for. They hope, in fact, to render the continuance of English rule in this country hateful to the English people themselves, by making it the direct cause of an increase of taxation in England. Mr. Fawcett takes the high moral ground that, as the British Government does not allow the people of India to have any voice in the management of their own affairs, it ought not to expect them to pay for any rash enterprises to which it may commit them. But superfine morality of this kind is obviously inconsistent with the stability of a foreign dominion like that of the English in India. Given the right of one people to conquer another,—and, if this be not conceded, of course there is no room for argument,—it is clear that the Government established in the conquered country cannot be based on popular suffrage, and that the utmost which can be expected from the conquerors is to use their power to the best of their judgment and ability. The fact that India has not rulers of her own choosing does not debar her from having a foreign policy; and she ought to pay for this as for the cost of her home administration.

It would be a different matter if England drew large sums of money from India every year as tribute towards meeting Imperial expenditure. But India pays no tribute. Whatever money she remits to England is only the equivalent of services rendered or stores sold to this country. The supposed equivalent, some critics will say; and we do not mean to contend that the amount of the Home charges is not in many cases, and especially as regards the cost of the military establishment, excessive. But the question of the practicability of reducing these charges does not affect the principle of England's policy towards India, that this country is to be treated as being bound to pay her own way but not to contribute anything towards the relief of the disabilities of English taxpayers. India is, in fact, regarded as an integral part of the Empire, and consequently must be held responsible for the payment of her fair share of expenditure in any war in which the Empire may be involved. No exact line has yet been drawn to

LATEST INTELLIGENCE

THE AFGHAN WAR.

CONGRATULATORY MESSAGE FROM THE QUEEN.

LAHORE, Dec. 6.

The Viceroy has received the following congratulatory telegram from Her Majesty the Queen :—"I have received the news of the decisive victory of General Roberts, and the splendid behaviour of my brave soldiers, with pride and satisfaction, though I must ever deplore the unavoidable loss of life. Pray enquire after the wounded in my name. May we continue to receive good news."

THE KURRAM COLUMN.

LAHORE, Dec. 6.

A telegram from General Roberts, dated 4th December, Peiwar, states that the number of guns captured was eighteen. There were also taken large stores of ammunition and supplies. He reconnoitred as far as Alikhel that day. The troops were employed meanwhile in improving the road over the Peiwar, which was very bad.

THE AFGHAN ARTILLERY.

LAHORE, Dec. 6.

Almost all the guns recently captured from the Afghans are rifled guns of brass, iron, or steel, throwing shells of native manufacture, modelled after those of the Mountain Batteries presented to the Amir by the British Government some years ago, and firing with great precision to 2,500 yards.

REPORTED RETIREMENT OF THE AMIR FROM KABUL.

LAHORE, Dec. 6.

It is reported from Daka that the Amir is removing his family from Kabul to Turkistan. The Brigade at Basawul all well. The Khyber is quite quiet. General Maude is at Jamrud. The Amir is reported to have sent a few troops to Tazin, about fifteen miles outside Kabul, probably to quiet the minds of the Kabulis.

THE ULTIMATUM.

LAHORE, Dec. 6.

The ultimatum to the Amir was delivered at Jamrud on the morning of the 2nd November, to Faiz Muhammad Khan, whose receipt for it was taken on that day. It must therefore have been delivered to the Amir at the latest on the 7th or 8th November, the usual time of transit by post being four days. Allowing five days for the return journey, the time given to the Amir for consideration was not less than seven or eight days.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS.)

THE KHYBER COLUMN.

LAHORE, Dec. 6.

Colonel Macpherson's Brigade is in front of Basawal, and Colonel Jenkins with a Brigade commands at Daka. Colonel Tytler's Brigade is between Kheli Kheshlu and Daka. Colonel Appleyard commands Ali Musjid with another Brigade. Jamrud is under General Maude's command. Colonel McGeorge superintends the line of communication from Jamrud to Daka has full powers, and communicates direct with the Commander-in-Chief.

It is believed that Sir Sam Browne's force will shortly advance on Jellalabad.

THE QUETTA COLUMN.

QUETTA, Dec. 6.

The General returns to-day. Colonel Moore's party came in last night. The latter penetrated to the top of the adjacent Pass on the Guzniff road, and found it practicable for troops. The latest intelligence from Kandahar reports the garrison there, one regiment of Infantry and three Cavalry corps.

Clouds are increasing, and the nights are extremely cold. An order has been issued to provide native troops with warm jerseys and other winter clothing free, but the articles are not at the front.

The Kojuck tribe have not yet come in.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

OPENING OF PARLIAMENT.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

Parliament was opened to-day by Royal Commission for its extraordinary Session.

The speech from the Throne is brief. It expresses regret at being obliged to summon Parliament to meet at an unusual and inconvenient season.

The hostility displayed by the Amir of Afghanistan towards the Government of India, and the manner in which he repulsed a friendly Mission, left no alternative course but to make peremptory demands for redress. As, however, the Amir chose to disregard these demands, an expedition has been directed into his country, and the earliest possible opportunity has been taken to summon Parliament and to make the communication to them which is required by law that they should receive.

The assurances of the other Great Powers are friendly, and there is reason to believe that the Treaty of Berlin will be successfully carried out.

The speech concludes by announcing that the usual estimates are being prepared. After full deliberation has been given to the matters for which the extraordinary Session has been summoned, there will be a suitable recess, after which the various measures will be submitted.

The Under-Secretary of State for India gave notice of a motion that the expenses of the Afghan war should be made chargeable to the Indian revenues.

Mr. Fawcett then gave notice of a motion condemning this proposition.

Consols 94½.

RETURN OF THE EMPEROR OF GERMANY TO BERLIN.

The Emperor of Germany has returned to Berlin and resumed the reins of Government. On his arrival he was greeted with a most enthusiastic reception.

CORRECTION.

A correction received from the Telegraph office completely alters the reading of the telegram announcing the limitation of the dollar coinage in the United States. It should be as follows :—

The Secretary of the Treasury of the United States proposes to limit the coinage of silver to 50,000,000 (fifty millions) dollars, or to increase the value of the dollar.

PARLIAMENTARY.

THE ADDRESS IN REPLY TO THE SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

DEBATE IN BOTH HOUSES.

LONDON, Dec. 6.

The address in reply to the speech from the Throne was voted in the House of Lords after a long debate.

Earl Granville denounced the war against the Amir as unjust, and declared that the Government was simply playing into the hands of Russia.

The Secretar of State for India, Lord Cranbrook, defended the ninth article of the Berlin Treaty.

Lord Beaconsfield made a speech in which he warmly vindicated the war, and declared that the attacks upon the Viceroy were uncalled for. The results of General Roberts's victory will, he said, be both speedy and satisfactory. His Lordship concluded by expressing his conviction that the worst of the depressed state of trade was now over.

In the House of Commons a long debate occurred over the address in reply to the speech from the throne, which was ultimately voted.

Lord Hartington admitted the right of the Government to enter upon the war, and disclaimed all intention of hampering their action by opposing supplies.

Sir Stafford Northcote, Chancellor of the Exchequer, denied that Government had picked a quarrel with the Amir. The war had been undertaken reluctantly, and its only object was the security of our frontier.

Government then gave notice of a motion on Monday next that India should defray the expenses of the war.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

The Bombay Mails of the 18th arrived at Brindisi yesterday.

LONDON, Dec. 5.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats moderate enquiry.

The London Cotton Market has been flat.

Fair Dhollera	4 3-16
The Manchester Market has been dull.	
Exchange on India, 60 days' sight ..	1-7⅛
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	75½
4½ per cent. do	80⅝
3 per cent. Consols for account	94⅝
5 per cent. French Rentes, 1872	112½

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—

Reserve of Notes	£11,000,000	Dec. £ 700,000
Bills Discounted	£20,700,000	Inc. £ 100,000
Bullion	£26,400,000	Dec. £ 100,000

The proportion of the Reserve to the Liabilities is 40½ per cent.

A SUMMONS was issued on the 3rd instant calling on the members of the firm of Messrs. Nicol and Co. to show cause why the suit which has been filed against them by M. Vouillon, Manager of the Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, claiming the full amount of the firm's indebtedness to the Bank (eleven thousand and odd rupees), should not be heard on Monday next. The object, of course, was to drive Mr. Maxwell and Mr. Hall into the Insolvency Court, and enable the Official Assignee to set aside the Trust Deed, which by the way was signed by M. Vouillon as representative of the Bank as well as by the other creditors. It is now contended that the power of attorney under which M. Vouillon acts as Manager of the Bank did not empower him to sign the Writ. Mr. Justice Green decided that the summary process provided for by Section 532 of the Civil Procedure Code was not applicable to this case, and the summons was dismissed, the result of which is that the suit must wait till it comes on in its turn among the other Long Causes.

WE hear from Lahore that Mahommed Hyat Khan, C.S.I., Assistant Commissioner, will be appointed to special political duty in the direction of Kurram.

HIS HIGHNESS the Maharaja of Bhurtpur has offered to send a Regiment of his excellent Jat Cavalry to join the Contingent. It will be remembered His Highness is closely allied in marriage with the house of Puttiala.

WE hear that two Russian officers with a doctor and thirty Cossacks, up to the time of very recent reports, were still at Kabul.

WRITING of the future gauge on the Ahmedabad and Pahlunpore section of the Rajpootana State Railway, the *Pioneer* says :—"The narrow gauge is merely recommended by people with an incurable hobby in its favour. That hobby is a subject of such passionate enthusiasm with some of its devotees that they would refuse to go to Heaven by broad gauge if there was a narrow gauge line they could take to the other place. But if they triumph in the case of the Ahmedabad line, they will do little more than waste public money. In the long run, it is practically inevitable that the Ahmedabad line must be a broad gauge line, and as many are certain of recognition sooner or later, it will only have to be reconstructed if it is now laid down on the inferior gauge."

MR. F. W. PETERSON, officiating Deputy Assay Master, Bombay, has had his leave to England extended two months in order to allow of his studying the metallurgical process of adjusting heavy and light rupee discs.

SIR W. J. HERSCHELL, Bart., Magistrate and Collector, 1st Grade, Bengal, has been permitted to resign the Bengal Civil Service.

THE Secretary of State has approved of Act No. XIV. of 1878, an Act to assimilate certain powers of the Local Governments of the North Western Provinces and Oudh.

THE Secretary of State has approved of the appointment as an emergent arrangement experimentally for six months of an assistant to the Inspector General of Police in the Punjab, half the cost of the appointment being defrayed from provincial funds.

THE Secretary of State has approved of the appointment of Mr. W. Erskine Foster as Second Assistant to the Political Agent at Zanzibar.

THE *Statesman* :—An Officer of the old Bengal Artillery and his wife, residing in a station not a thousand miles distant from Calcutta, have a son in the Peshawur field force. For several days after the advance to Ali Musjid was announced, they received news from him. As each day's post came in without a letter, their anxiety about him increased. Their hopes sank lower and lower ; it seemed as if he must either have been killed or fallen into the hands of the Afghans,—at last a letter arrived, which bore the marks of having been opened, and which appeared from the contents to have taken more than twice as long as usual in coming from Peshawur. On a reference to the post marks, the delay was at once explained. The letter had been detained for five days at Lahore.

THE court-martial upon Lieut. Judge, Superintendent of the Lucknow Jail, came to a close on Saturday last, in so far as recording the evidence for the defence is concerned, and the accused officer has now to submit his defence.

THE *Civil and Military Gazette*—If we too openly bribe the Kuki Kheyl to keep him quiet to-day, we shall certainly have to bribe the Zakka Kheyl for the same reason to-morrow, and if it be generally understood among these greedy savages, that they have only to fire on our outposts and detachments to become at once the mark not, of the British bullet, but the political officer's bounty, the assumption that every rascal within twenty miles of the Khyber will qualify himself for the prize is not altogether unjustifiable. Now there is no question, but that the means relied upon by the Peshawur politicals for attaching the Pass Afridis to our cause has been lavish distribution of money. It must be quite clear that the greater the facility with which rupees can be extracted the greater the demand for them will be, and the result must certainly be that every one of the importunate robbers who is not bribed, or is, in his own estimation insufficiently bribed, will take his matchlock and look out for an opportunity of robbery and murder until he gets what he wants. His demand always increasing with the supply, there must come a time when the liberality even of a frontier political officer will cease, and then the matchlock comes to the front again and we have to do that which it would have been better to have done at first, *viz.*, to repress violence by superior force. Our system of musketry instruction has been very much overvalued if it will not enable parties of our marksmen with the Martini-Henry rifle to sweep clear of Afridis every hill between Jamrud and Daka, and if dealing with these marauders could be taken out of the hands of the political officers for a fortnight and given to the generals, we have no doubt that the hills would be swept exceedingly clear.

"ATLAS," in the *World*, remarks :—The state of expectation in which the public mind allows itself to be held with reference to the so-called 'divisibility' of the electric light by Mr. Edison is somewhat surprising, seeing that all the time this divisibility is a *fait accompli* in England, and may be witnessed and tested any night of the week at the *Times* printing-office. Armed with an order for this purpose, I went there the other evening ; and this is what I saw : From gaslight we merged suddenly into what seemed a flood of daylight, which came from six small lamps placed at intervals round a large room, in which compositors and others were busy at work. These lamps were suspended so as to be raised and lowered at will. In compliance with the wish of one of the gentlemen present, one of these lights, selected at haphazard, was turned out by means of a tap, and it remained out without the slightest perceptible increase in the volume of light in the other lamps. Then another light at a distance was treated in a similar manner, and with a like result. These two were then re-lit by a turn of the tap the reverse way, and turned on full power. Then one was slightly 'lowered,' so as to give about a third of its full light, as with ordinary gas. In short, we found there a useful and agreeable light, which can be moderated and arranged to suit all circumstances. This is the Rapieff light, I am no electrician, and shall not attempt to give a technical description of the apparatus employed ; but it seemed to possess great simplicity. M. Rapieff says he can burn ten lights in one circuit ; that his carbons will burn for ten hours ; that they can be easily renewed, and without extinguishing the lights. He further estimates its comparative cost with gas as less than a third. His statements may be taken for what they are worth ; but judging from what I actually saw in the *Times* office, I should say the sooner gas shareholders begin to 'hedge' by investing in electric light shares the better.

THE reply of Lord Salisbury, dated November 11, to the despatch of Mr. Evarts of September 28th on the subject of the Fortune Bay affair, has been published at Washington. His lordship disclaims all intention of laying down by inference any principles of international law, but intimates the right of a British authority to pass a law binding American fishing in British waters. He at the same time admits that such right is limited by England's treaty engagements, which municipal legislation cannot affect. Lord Salisbury cannot anticipate any difference between the two Governments on the principles thus laid down. The duty of determining any contravention must be undertaken by the two Governments, and cannot be remitted to individuals. Great Britain prefers the view that both natives and foreigners should obey the territorial law, but if such law be inadvertently passed at variance with the rights of foreigners guaranteed by treaty, then a correction at the earliest period is a matter of international obligation. Lord Salisbury does not assume that Mr. Evarts considers the recent acts of a Colonial Legislature inconsistent with the rights of the United States acquired under the Treaty of Washington, but if that be really the case, Great Britain is prepared to consider in a friendly spirit any representations he (Mr. Evarts) may think right to make upon the subject, with the hope of coming to a satisfactory understanding.

THE *Standard* of Nov. 14 gives the following account of the examination before a Police Magistrate at Bow Street of Mr. Elliston, late chief officer of the Avoca, on the charge of being concerned in the robbery of sovereigns from that ship :—Robert Bowman Elliston, formerly one of the chief officers of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam ship Company, was charged on a warrant before Mr. Vaughan with having stolen 5,000L. in sovereigns from the cargo of the British ship Avoca, on the high seas.—Mr. Besley, instructed by Mr. Webster, appeared for the Prisoner.—The Prisoner was arrested in consequence of telegrams received from Australia, and the officer in charge of the case, who brings with him the necessary evidence, is at present on his voyage from Melbourne to London. Under the circumstances Mr. Vaughan had the information on which the warrant was granted read over, and then adjourned the case. The information was based upon telegrams received from Australia, which stated that the ship's carpenter had confessed that the Prisoner had wanted him to break open the box in which the specie had been contained, and had given him 200L. as his share of the plunder.—Mr. Besley stated that when the proper time came there would be a complete answer to the charge, and Mr. Vaughan agreed to accept bail.

THE *Globe*, November 15 :—The public will greatly regret to see the honoured name of Lord Lawrence figuring prominently in connection with a projected "Afghan" Committee. The professed object of this still nebulous organisation is to obtain the immediate assembly of Parliament for determining whether England shall go to war with Afghanistan. Putting other considerations on one side for the moment, is it not rather late to commence this mischievous agitation ? In five days more the term of grace accorded to Shere Ali will have run out ; the Viceroy, we learn to-day, expects to reach Lahore on the 19th ; coupling these facts, it needs but little boldness or hazard an opinion that war will be proclaimed very shortly unless the Amir returns a conciliatory answer on or before next Wednesday. It is obvious, therefore, that be the promoters of this new project ever so zealous and energetic, they cannot possibly expect to bring about the assembly of Parliament before the die is cast for good or ill. Popular clamour, such as they would seem to depend upon for success, is not excited in a week, or even in a month, especially when, as in the present instance, the great body of the people seem disposed to leave the entire conduct of affairs in the hands of Government. So patent are these considerations that we must look elsewhere than for the real *raison d'être* of the "Afghan" Committee. From the terms of the memorial which it is proposed to present to the Prime Minister at an early date, the scheme comes out clearly as a partisan affair. Thus, to cite only one instance, after truly affirming that "the policy of her Majesty's Government is to rectify the North-West frontier of India," it asserts that "this policy has been condemned by a great majority of the highest civil and military authorities of India in a resolution, and appears to be inconsistent with the ordinary principles of justice." Here, it will be observed, the whole case is given against Government, which stands roundly charged with going to war for a profitless purpose on unjust grounds. As the remainder of the memorial is couched in a similar strain of hostility, we are compelled to believe that the real object of the "Afghan" Committee movement is not to take the opinion of Parliament on the question of peace or war, but to embarrass Government at a critical moment for purely party purposes. It is to be hoped that Lord Lawrence, wedded as he is to "masterly inactivity," will withdraw from all further connection with such an unpatriotic and partisan scheme.

ON Nov. 12 a meeting of the members of the National Chamber of Trade was held at the offices, 446, Strand, to consider correspondence which had been carried on with the Director-General of the Indian Post Office respecting the "value payable parcels system"—an arrangement added to the Indian parcels post "whereby the value of a parcel may be declared by the sender, in view to the amount of value, less about 2 per cent. commission, being paid by the Post Office after realization from the addressee." Mr. Debac presided. The following are the proposed rates, as given in reply to queries from the National Chamber of Trade addressed to the Governor General by Mr. F. Morrison, the secretary :—"The limit of value would have been £10, of weight, 5olb., and of size, 2ft. by 1ft. by 6t. The articles forbidden in an ordinary parcel are 'jewelry, watches, precious stones, liquids, or articles of a dangerous or damaging nature ;' and the same prohibition would have been applied to value payable parcels. Secure packing and fastening, as provided for an ordinary parcel, would have been required for a value payable parcel ; a covering of cloth or waterproof, sewn at the edges, being also (as in the case of an ordinary parcel) recommended. Seals along the lines of sewing would also have been recommended for value payable parcels of a kind likely to afford temptation to robbery. The rates of postage would have been the same as for ordinary parcels, viz., when paid in England, 6d. per lb. for books and 1s. per lb, for other articles, and when paid on delivery in India 4 annas and 8 annas respectively. The present practice in the case of an ordinary parcel is to communicate with the sender in the first instance, and, if desired by him, to return the parcel without any charge for return postage to London. This practice would have been followed in respect of value payable parcels. The ordinary Indian Customs duties are charged on all parcels by a Customs officer, who attends at the Bombay Post Office and examines the declarations. He has the right also of opening a parcel if he deems it proper for examination. The amount so charged is levied on delivery from the addressee. If an undelivered parcel is returned to England, the charge for Customs duty is cancelled. This practice would have been applied also to value payable parcels. There is no particular form of declaration or letter of advice required, as stated in the rules for ordinary parcels. It must contain 'name and address on parcel, contents and value for Custom-house clearance, with legible signature and address of sender.'" The members discussed the proposals in detail, and it was regarded as unnecessary to limit the value of a parcel to £10. Eventually on the motion of Mr. Oliver, representing Messrs. Marshall and Snellgrove, seconded by Mr. Ashburne, representing Messrs. Whiteley, it was agreed that the "value payable parcels system" would be a valuable supplement to the Indian parcels post, the limits of weights and value to remain the same—namely, £20 in value and 50lbs. in weight. The meeting also expressed the opinion "that the two systems might be made reciprocal with great advantage to both countries," and strongly "recommended the Committee of the National Chamber of Trade to promote by all the means in their power the speedy adoption of a system so calculated to develope trade between the United Kingdom and its great dependencies." The meeting came to the conclusion likewise to suggest that the system should be extended to Ceylon. A memorial to the Director-General of the Indian Post Office was adopted, and in this it was prayed that facilities for posting parcels should be given at other places than in Leadenhall-street and Cockspur-street. In the course of the remarks which were made some of the members expressed the wish that the Indian Post Office could be made the means of collecting debts due from British subjects in India to London traders, one saying that men in first-rate positions in the service of the Government had not transmitted the value of goods sent many years ago.

THE PROPOSED NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE—DEPUTATION TO THE GOVERNOR.

A DEPUTATION of the Corporation consisting of the following gentlemen :—Dr. T. Blaney, Sir Frank Souter, Dr. Pinkerton, Mr. Kirkham, Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee, Hon. Mr. Manjee Goculdass, Mr. Shantaram Narayen, Mr. Raghunath N. Khote, Mr. Fazulhoy C. Gangjee, and Mr. Matthew, members of the Corporation, Mr. Grant, Municipal Commissioner, Mr. Walton, Executive Engineer on special duty, and Mr. Barrow, clerk of the Corporation, waited upon His Excellency the Governor at Government House, Malabar Hill, yesterday, to submit the application of the Corporation for a site of ground on the Esplanade for the erection of a Municipal Office. The deputation was introduced by His Excellency the Mr. Grant, the Municipal Commissioner. The application for the building site was submitted by Dr. Blaney, Chairman of the Town Council, in the absence of Colonel Hancock, the Chairman of the Corporation, who was unavoidably absent on duty. Dr. Blaney supported the application by observing that in the year 1865 Sir Bartle Frere created a Municipal Corporation out of the dust of the earth, that was to say, the only property with which the new Municipality was invested consisted of the roads and tanks of the city. They had not so much land given them as would be covered by the sole of the foot. Such property as they now possessed was procured by subsequent purchase, and it was because the Corporation owned no land of its own that it was now constrained to appear before His Excellency to solicit a site for their proposed offices. There was no suitable land to be purchased, and the only land of this kind was owned by Government. It was much more easy for the Corporation to erect their new buildings in the native town, a building that need not be so ornamental and also of rupees could be saved, while public conveniences would be served just as well. But with a public spirit worthy of the city the Corporation preferred to place their new offices on the Esplanade and were willing to contribute about £25,000 for its erection, provided Government would take a favourable view of the application now made. The Corporation, though to some extent a public body apart from Government, and administering a legislative act for its own purposes, regarded itself as a affiliate to Government, and in numerous instances it had shown not only its undoubted loyalty but its willingness to be led by Government. It had exchanged lands with Government and had made over other lands as a free gift, recognizing and exhibiting reciprocal interests. It was due to the favour of Government that the site for the Crawford Markets was given and upon which Market the Corporation had expended 13 lakhs of rupees.

Since the institution of a Municipal Corporation in Bombay the city had expended a sum of five millions sterling, a greater sum than had been spent upon it when Bombay was handed over as a marriage dowry to Charles the Second. The effect of this expenditure was remarked by many persons who have from time to time returned to Bombay after an absence of two or three years, and the improvements in the city were constantly going on. The decision to erect a useful and ornamental building on the Esplanade could be justified by the present financial condition of the city, it was not an extravagant decision inasmuch as due regard was paid to all other requirements. An additional waterworks scheme had been carried out, and drainage works were about to be immediately commenced. Quarters for Executive Police and cattle shed accommodation would soon be provided. From the time of its institution until now the Municipality of this city had been fairly progressing, it might almost be said to be a European institution in this respect, and the Corporation had not only always been loyal but generous during times of depression was the cry everywhere the Municipality of this city remained in a sound and progressive condition, and he (Dr. Blaney) did not hesitate to say that it was the first Municipality in India.

Government had generously given land on the Esplanade to a few local educational and other institutions, none of them were schools in which only a small portion of the community were interested. The speaker would not wish to be regarded as being less interested in the spread of education than any one else, and he was glad to find these handsome school edifices springing up on the Esplanade. But the appeal of the Corporation to-day had now the honour to submit to His Excellency was of interest to the whole city, to people of every class and creed, and to non-officials and officials alike, and in that view he felt sure it would receive the favourable consideration of the head of the Government.

The functions of a Municipality in Bombay marked an era in the life of the city, as from that time its improvement began. But now, after a period of thirteen years, another era was about to be established in the adoption of a drainage system. Every one knew the solicitude of His Excellency about carrying such a system to operation, and it seemed but reasonable to anticipate that His Excellency would take advantage of the occasion to grant the application now made, and allow to be erected one more ornamental building on the Esplanade, a grant of the site for which would place the Corporation under a special obligation to Government.

Dr. Blaney then unfolded a plan and elevation of the building prepared by Mr. Walton. These were carefully examined by His Excellency and minutely discussed with Mr. Walton.

His Excellency informed the deputation that he thought their request was a reasonable one, and he would do all he could to secure a site for the proposed building. On His Excellency being asked which site he proposed, he replied that the site on the east of the present Municipal Offices, opposite the New Sailors' Home, seemed suitable.

After an interview of an hour His Excellency dismissed the deputation.

THE SUIT OF THE FRENCH BANK AGAINST NICOL AND COMPANY.

(F. VOUILLON *vs.* FLEMING AND OTHERS.)

THE Advocate-General (Mr. MORTIOT) attended before Mr. Justice Green in Chambers yesterday to answer a summons to the defendants in this case to show cause why the hearing of the suit should not be fixed for Monday next, the 9th inst.

The Advocate-General said :—It is a summons taken out by the plaintiff in a suit dated 3rd December, and it calls upon the defendants in the suit to show cause why the hearing should not be on the 9th instant, next, the 9th inst., and why an affidavit of Maxwell, sworn on the 29th November last should not be used as the written statement of the defendants at the hearing. The suit, as your Lordship knows, was filed as a summary suit under section 532 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and was founded upon an affidavit of Charles Albert Winter, attorney in the cause. Perhaps I ought to have stated at first that your Lordship knows, by Mr. Hamilton Maxwell's affidavit, he relies for defence of the suit on a deed of assignment for the benefit of the creditors executed by the defendants and dated 14th October,—which was executed on the 14th October by the defendants, and which was actually executed, I am informed, by the plaintiff in the suit on the 15th October. The suit is brought on a Bill of Exchange for eleven thousand and some odd rupees, which was drawn by the firm of Smith, Fleming and Co, I think, and which was accepted by the firm of Nicol and Co. which the Advocate-General has come due on the 6th November and was not paid. Mr. Hamilton Maxwell, on behalf of himself and his co-defendants, on the 29th November, filed an affidavit in which he pleaded as a bar to the suit that the deed of assignment contained a release from this action, and it was upon that affidavit that your Lordship gave leave to defendants to appear and defend the suit. Then on the 3rd December, Mr. Winter made an affidavit in support of the summons, in which he says "with reference to the fifth paragraph of the said (Mr. Maxwell's) affidavit, I admit that by the said Francois Vouillon executed the deed described in the 4th paragraph of the same affidavit, but I say that in doing so the said Francois Vouillon exceeded the powers conferred upon him by the Power of Attorney granted to him by the Comptoir d' Escompte de Paris. The fact that the said Francois Vouillon had so exceeded his authority had been communicated to the defendants, and a copy of the Power of Attorney under which he acts as manager of the said Comptoir d' Escompte de Paris has been furnished to the defendants. For the reasons hereinafter set forth, I say it is of great importance to the interests of the plaintiff to have this suit decided as quickly as possible, may reasons for this allegation are that the consequence of a decree being passed in this suit in favour of the plaintiff would be that the defendants would in default of payment be compelled to commit an act of insolvency by filing their petition for the relief of the insolvent act or by lying persons others enabling the plaintiff to make them insolvents. The effect of their filing of a petition of the defendants within two months, from the 14th October last, the date of the deed set forth in the said fourth paragraph of the said affidavit of the said Hamilton Maxwell would be to enable the official assignee to take proceedings under section 24 of the insolvent act to set the deed aside and to have the property and assets therein comprised vested motiæ. That further weeks' time allowed to the defendants by the order made herein on the 29th day of November 1878 wherein to file a defence will render it possible for the plaintiff to take advantage of the said 24th section of the insolvent Act and a speedy and convenient means for testing the said deed of 14th October last will thus be lost." So your Lordship sees the object of the summons is to enable the plaintiff, who attended both meetings of the creditors as is deposed to by the affidavit in reply, sanction the firm of Nicol and Co. in the first place to assign their partnership and property for the benefit of their creditors, and not only that, but who has induced the individual partners of that firm to make over the whole of their private estate and to enable, I say, the gentleman who has caused all this, in violation of his execution of the deed to attempt to set it aside. And how is this to be effected ? This is to be effected by obtaining a decree in this suit against the members of the firm of Nicol and Co., which of course would really affect the members of the firm in Bombay, namely, Mr. Maxwell and Mr. Hall, and after having obtained a decree in this suit, then to take out an execution, which must be against the person, and not against the estate, because the estate has all been made over for the benefit of the creditors, and to cast them into a Debtors' Prison and let them lie there in gaol for 21 days, and so enable the plaintiff to file his application for an adjudication in Insolvency, or compel Mr. Maxwell and Mr. Hall, in order to avoid going to gaol to file a petition of insolvency, or abscond. In either of these pleasant ways this gentleman thinks he can come to your Lordship here, and ask for an order enabling him to carry out this scheme. My Lord, I humbly submit that in a proceeding of this sort, your Lordship will not allow the jurisdiction or process of the Court, which enables the Court to admit of a summary process under section 532 of the Civil Procedure Code, to be abused in this way.

The Judge—I am quite of opinion at present that this was never a case which ought to have been instituted under Summary Procedure. If that is the object of your argument, Mr. Advocate General, I am with you. That struck me at once.

The Advocate General—Then, my Lord, I need say nothing further on that point.

The Judge—If the facts had been disclosed, it would have been simply put down as a long cause and a written statement filed.

The Advocate General—Then I will leave that point, and will go further and show your Lordship that the question about Mr. Vouillon having exceeded his power is but a pretext. It was not the foundation of his attempt to get out of the deed at all, and that appears—

Mr. Macpherson (who appeared for the plaintiff)—I do not wish to interrupt my learned friend, but it seems to me that your Lordship has just said disposes of the application at present before the Court ; and I don't think any good can be obtained by my learned friend going further into the matter.

The Advocate General—I am quite ready to take a dismissal of the summons.

Mr. Macpherson—If my learned friend goes on it may be necessary for me to answer him.

The Judge—Well, then, do I understand that after the intimation of my opinion that the issue of the summons was irregular, and that it is a case to which this Chapter was never intended to apply, you do not intend to support it.

Mr. Macpherson—Certainly not. I have no wish to press the matter at all. But I wish to say with reference to your Lordship's intimation, although we submit to your Lordship's expression of opinion, I do not, on behalf of my client, admit that there was any irregularity involving anything improper or unjustifiable in my client's conduct. On the contrary, I shall be prepared to contend, and with confidence, that it was the only course open to him, having regard to his duty to his principals in Paris. But at the same time, although I say he was quite justified in attempting to take these proceedings under those sections, his duty has been performed in attempting it, and it is no longer his duty to continue the proceedings in the face of your Lordship's expression of opinion that they are irregular. There has been no concealment on his part of the object of the proceedings. Of course your Lordship disposing of the summons in this way will virtually dismiss the suit.

The Advocate General—Then the summons will be dismissed, of course. Will your Lordship certify for Counsel ?

The Judge—Yes.

The parties then withdrew.

REPORT OF THE CHEMICAL ANALYSER TO GOVERNMENT, FOR THE YEAR 1877-78.

BOMBAY CASTLE, 29TH NOVEMBER 1878.

Memorandum from the Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, dated 17th October 1878 :—

"The Chemical Analyser's Report for 1877-78 is full, as usual, of interesting and valuable information. It shows, too, that the amount of work accomplished at the Laboratory during the year has been greater than ever, and that this work retains its high character for practical importance and usefulness.

"2. In medico-legal work there has been a large increase—no less than 477 cases having been examined and reported on during the year, against 394 in the preceding year. In human poisoning cases the percentage of detections has risen to 59·07 or 13·47 per cent. more than 1876-77. This result would seem to argue that the practice of charging fees in certain cases has not had the effect of deterring. The Chemical Analyser in the latter part of paragraph 10 of his report. The cases mentioned in paragraphs 29 and 30 clearly point to the necessity for these rules.

"3. The startling increase in the number of cases in which arsenic, in some form or other, was detected, would appear to lead to the conclusion that the Sale of Poisons Act is allowed to remain a dead letter ; or that, if enforced at all, its provisions are not sufficiently stringent to prevent evil persons who have no right to possess them, of certain deadly poisons. Some enquiry seems necessary to account for the fact that the number of cases of arsenic poisoning, both in human beings and cattle, has risen from 131 in 1876-77 to 217 in the year under report.

"4. Amongst the cases mentioned, a few possess features of interest. The case reported from Nasik, in paragraph 26, illustrates the ease with which poisoning by arsenic might be carried on during the prevalence of cholera. A curious case from Bassein is mentioned in paragraph 22, and the case of poisonous sweetmeats, detailed at the latter part of the same paragraph, leads to the suggestion that the restrictions on the Sale of Poisons Act in the City of Bombay is not so strict as it should be. Hitherto fatal cases of dhatura poisoning have been rare in this Presidency ; the four mentioned in paragraph 24 are therefore worthy of notice. The case of accidental poisoning case of poisoning by the leaves of *Cryptosteyia Grandiflora* is detailed. No similar case appears to be on record.

"5. The samples of potable water examined were less in number than in the preceding year. The Travelling Analyst being now ready to begin operation, the work in this branch of the Chemical Analyser's Department will diminish to a still greater extent. Before long the Chemical Analyser will be relieved of it altogether, while at the same time the analyses performed on the spot, will gain, beyond measure, in trustworthiness, and be productive of some really practical and useful results. Of 191 samples examined during the year, 46 have been pronounced "good" and 50 "bad." The opinion of the Chemical Analyser on the cause of contamination of the water at Asirghar in all probability correct. The results of the analyses of Vehar water set forth in paragraph 41, are suggestive. The details in paragraph 47, regarding the manner in which a sample of water was sent to the Laboratory from Khandala, are worthy of notice, and the remarks of the Chemical Analyser in paragraph 51, on the water supplied by the Nira Canal Convict Gang, more especially his observations in the concluding portion of the paragraph, deserve the particular attention of Government.

"6. In the examination and reporting of the analysis of Government stores and miscellaneous articles, the undersigned has no remarks to offer.

"7. Surgeon-Major Lyon has done well to reprint, as an appendix to his report, the statistics of the outbreak of fever which occurred in December and January last, amongst the Convict Gang employed at the Nira Canal. As a contribution of full value to sanitary science, and as an example of how a scientific investigation of this nature ought to be conducted, it cannot be too widely known."

RESOLUTION.

The report itself is interesting, and shows the excellent and ever increasing work done by Mr. Lyon, who, in 1877-78, made in all 1,631 analyses and examinations as compared with 1,378 in 1876-77. Of these 477 were in medico-legal cases, 96 were analyses of water, 268 were of Government stores, and 86 miscellaneous. The increase in most marked under the first and third heads, while under the second, there is a satisfactory decrease, which will be even more observable during the current year, in which the Travelling Analyst commences his duties. Cattle-poisoning was on the increase in the Deccan districts, and Government regret to see that those of the Southern Mahratta Country are not entirely free from this form of crime in the past year. The fact that arsenic in one form or another was the poison used both in these cases, and the great majority of instances where human beings were poisoned, shows clearly that the Sale of Poisons Act is practically inoperative, as arsenic can apparently be procured with ease anywhere. It seems from paragraph 10 that there are still many cases sent up to the Chemical Analyser without sufficient cause. The Judicial Department should be asked, with reference to this paragraph, to instruct Magistrates and Superintendents of Police to the effect of the circular issued by the Resident at Hyderabads. While all district officials must bear in mind the absolute necessity of bringing heroes impressed upon them, of giving the fullest and clearest information to the Chemical Analyser about all cases sent up by them. Some striking instances of useless reports are given at pages 21—22 of the report.

Valuable results have followed the analysis of potable waters in several cases, notably those of the drinking waters of Ahmednagar and Ahmedabad, which were so strongly condemned by the Army Sanitary Commission, and which proved on examination to be not unjustly stigmatised as "dangerously impure." The reports on these waters have already been separately sent to the Secretary of State for communication to the Army Sanitary Commission. The necessity for accuracy in sending water for analysis is exemplified in the case mentioned in paragraph 47, but the appointment of the Travelling Analyst will enable him to examine water on the spot and will tend to obviate such discrepancies as are noted in paragraph 51. The importance of examinations of Government stores is due mainly to the analysis of 191 specimens of country liquors at the request of the Collector of Salt Revenue.

In paragraph 66 attention is drawn to the dangerous nature of the kerosine oil imported into, and sold in, Bombay. It cannot be supposed that Bombay is the only port where oil of this description is imported, and the attention of the Government of India will be drawn to the subject with a view, if necessary, to legislation being resorted to, for improvement in the quality of oil imported.

Mr. Lyon adds to his report his special report on the outbreak of fever among the gang of prison labourers employed on the Nira Canal, which has been separately noticed by Government.

THE NEW SHERIFF OF MADRAS.

THE appointment of a new Sheriff in Madras invariably comes upon us as a surprise, inasmuch as the gentleman selected by the Duke of Buckingham as all the office is rarely the same individual whom the public may have mentally nominated for it. Mr. T. G. Clarke, for example, has been Sheriff elect in public estimation any number of times during the last ten years, but year after year he is passed by for men who were not even suspected of having a hankering after the appointment. Mr. Digby again, who did good work in connection with the Famine Relief Committee, is regarded by many as having substantial qualifications for the stocking and sword to be bequeathed by Mr. Munsie, and was considered to have a good chance of donning them at the next sessions. How it happens we do not know, but under the Duke's *regime* a dark horse, a rank outsider, always wins the Shrievalty Stakes. It would almost seem as if a few names were put into a hat, and the Shrievalty was drawn for in much the same way as the prize in a Sweepstakes. That Mr. Robert Chilling worth Waller will do justice to the appointment the Duke has conferred on him, there can be no doubt, but that his most intimate friends had the ghost of a suspicion that he was destined to be Sheriff, we do not believe. Mr. Walker served for some time as Chairman of the Chamber of Comm

BANKS

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE,
PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

LONDON BANKERS.
THE UNION BANK OF LONDON.

DEPOSITS.

INTEREST is allowed at TWO PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balances.

Terms for Deposits at 3, 6, and 12 months certain may be obtained on application to the Bank.

All Remittances should be made payable to the Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris.

F. VOUILLON, Acting Manager.

1, Rampart Row, W.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY
3, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF SUPERIOR TEAK SCANTLINGS.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 7th inst. at 2 P. M., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tank Bunder.

About 100 tons superior teaksscantlings of various sizes.
In small convenient lots to suit the requirement of purchasers.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 9th instant, at 2 p. m , Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

10 Bales Grey Shirtings, 6lbs.
10 Bales Gray Dhoties.
3 Cases White Jaconets.
5 Cases T Red bordered Gagra.
10 Cases T Red Chintz.
28 cwt. Mail Bard.
159 Reams Printing papers and fancy papers.
2 cases marble toys and table ornaments.
by order of the Administrator General the effects of the late Mr. E. Blackburn consisting of wearing apparel, teakwood cot, easy chair, telescope, a large album and sundry articles.

SALE OF BEST HAVELOCK'S TOBACCO.

On MONDAY next, the 9th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

A few cases of best Havelock's tobacco in small lots to suit the requirements of purchasers.

AUCTION SALE, of valuable handsome Carved and French polished blackwood household furniture, plated glass and [illegible] ware, a collection of choice plants, &c. [illegible]

On WEDNESDAY next, the 11th instant, sale commencing at 1 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Metal Mart, Byculla, the valuable and handsome household furniture, the property of C. Stewart, Esq.

Full particulars will shortly appear.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome French-polished furniture, plated glass and porcelain ware, light English built Victoria phaeton, a strong bay wheler horse (if not previously sold by private sale), &c., at Chinchpoogly Hill.

On SATURDAY, the 14th instant, sale commencing at 1 P.M. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at His residence at Chinchpoogly Hill, the valuable and handsome household furniture, &c., the property of W. L. BUYERS, Esq.

Full particulars will be given hereafter. Catalogues will be published and the furniture will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

FOR SALE TO CLOSE ACCOUNT.

A few barrels belfast hams and bacon in canvas. Price 8 annas per lb.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 7th December 1878.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTONE AND COMPANY.

On MONDAY the 9th inst. at 2 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Powder Works, Mazagaon, by order of the Official Assignee High Court and In Re Khojah Moolloo Bhaloo and Ramjam Subja-Ally, Insolvents, the following.

A small quantity of old cast and wrought iron, anchors, &c., &c.

AUCTION SALE OF FORAS LAND SITUATE AT HAINES ROAD, BYCULLA, NEAR RACE COURSE.

On THURSDAY, the 12th instant at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of Official Assignee and at the consent of Mortgagee, Mr. Thackersy Mooljee, and on account and at the risk of Mortgagor, Foras Meetha, and Insolvent, the following piece of land :—

All that piece or parcel of Foras ground situate on the West side of Haines Road at Byculla, in the sub district of Bhooleshwer admeasuring about 1988 square yards, assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 206, numbered 310 in the map of foras land Commissioner, and bounded on the north and west by the ground attached to Messrs. Damodhar Thakoorsey Mooljee and Company's Spinning and Weaving Mills, on the south by a private passage belonging to the said vendors and one A. J. de Silva, the owner of the adjacent ground in equal moieties, and on or towards the east by the said road called Haines Road, leading from Bombay to Worlee.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTONE & Co.

Bombay, 7th December 1878.

SORABJEE COWASJEE AND COMPANY.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 7th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will hold their Usual Auction Sale at their room, as follows :—

2 Cases samples of fancy goods, consisting of various sorts of colour boxes, work boxes, tea boxes, money boxes, writing desks, dominoes, chess boards, cribbage boards, pegs, brackets, date cases, &c.
1 Case 100 dozen brass pegs and tin boxes.
2 Cases printed inks in 12 lb. tins.
3 Cases transparent soap.
A large collection of Japanese lacquered goods, consisting of trays, vases, boxes with lock and key, cabinets, dressing cases, ornamented plates and various sorts of articles.
4 Cases note papers.
2 Cases superior perfumery scent.
1 Case toy dolls.

On account and at the risk of Taharally Mohmedally :—
3 Cases Rimmell's Lavender.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Bombay, 7th December 1878.

ARRIVAL
OF
NEW LIGHTS! NEW LIGHTS!

LAMPS OF ALL KINDS.
Price from 4 Annas each to Rs. 150.

NEW PORTABLE COOKING STOVES,
OF DIFFERENT SIZES,
AT THE
LAMP WAREHOUSE
OF
THEODOR KNAUST,
FORT, BOMBAY.

CATALOGUES AND ILLUSTRATIONS SENT ON APPLICATION.

SCOTT & CO., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5; Livery for Horses on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month including syce; Horses in infirmary Rs. 1 per day; Commission Rs. 17 from purchaser and seller on horse sold.

Every care and attention devoted to Shoeing and Breaking to Harness, both being under our immediate supervision. Horses sent from up-country will meet with a ready market.

HORSES ON COMMISSION SALE.

A Nutmeg Grey high-caste Arab, 4 years, 15 hands, very handsome, showy, up to weight and good tempered, trot and canters well, would make a first charger. Rs. 1,800.

A Bay Arab, 5 years, 15 hands, up to 14 stone, a good mover, Rs. 1,000.

A Bay Australian, 5 years, 14-2 high, a good showy stepper, perfect in saddle and harness, with a new Victoria Phaeton, only 2 months in use, and set of English harness. Cost £400. Rs. 1,400.

A very pretty pair of Bay Arab Gallowsys, 4 years, 13-3 high, tremendously matched, and step well together perfect to ride, single and double harness. Rs. 1,000.

A pair of Brown Walers, about 15-2 high, very serviceable, and good single or double harness horse. Rs. 700.

A Chesnut Arab Horse and Shigram. Rs. 400.

A pair of handsome Bay Waler Mares, very fast, good steppers, and perfectly quiet and steady also a Mail Phaeton in good order, by "Kesterton," with set of English brass-mounted harness. Turn-out Rs. 2,500.

Girgaum Veterinary Stables, Bombay, 21st November 1878

Just Received,

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

OF

CRETONNES.

CAN BE HAD FROM

A yard to 300 yards of one sort

if required,

AT

JAMSETJEE NOWROJEE,

CABINET MAKER OF KALBADAVIE ROAD.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.

Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND
And a complete mitigator of Pain.
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE BITES.

AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM it has no equal

AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA

Or any sort of Bowel Complaint it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.

Full Directions accompany each bottle.
Retailed by Chemists all over the world.
Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars.

GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY,
ESUFALLY HIPTULLA,
No. 39, Pir Market near Jumma Musjid.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned beg to state that they have been appointed SOLE AGENTS, in the room of Messrs. Jeewanjee Rowjee and Sons, for the sale of CURTIS'S and HARVEY'S CELEBRATED SPORTING GUNPOWDER, and they are now prepared to execute all orders entrusted to them with promptness and dispatch.

HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADAM & Co.,
Sole Agents,
No. 6, Apollo Street Fort.

Also, we have in stock SHIP CHANDLERY, MILL and RAILWAY STORES,

Bombay, 27th September 1878.

ELLWOOD'S
PATENT AIR-CHAMBER
HATS AND HELMETS.

THE ONLY EFFECTUAL PROTECTION AGAINST SUN STROKE.

To be obtained of all respectable Hatters and Outfitters, and Wholesale only of

J. ELLWOOD & SONS,
LONDON.

Beware of Useless Imitations.

TENTS.

THE ELGIN MILLS COMPANY
ARE NOW REGISTERING ORDERS FOR THEIR
SUPERIOR CAMP EQUIPAGE
FOR THE
ENSUING CAMPING SEASON.

TO ensure prompt delivery and prevent disappointment, early indents are solicited.

EXTRACT :—"For excellence of material, style of finish, durability, lightness, and waterproof qualities, the Tents I have received from the Elgin Mills, Cawnpore, both for Hills and Plains, far excel any I have ever met with in India."

FOR PRICE LISTS, TESTIMONIALS, AND ALL OTHER PARTICULARS APPLY TO
THE AGENT,
ELGIN MILLS COMPANY, CAWNPORE.

ALLAN'S
SUPERIOR TWEED SUITS.

Coat and Trousers	Rs. 16, 20 & 25
Fine Black and Blue Serge Suits	Rs. 28
Fine Black Cloth Morning Coats	„ 36
Do. Frock Coats	„ 40

DRESS AND OXFORD CLOTH SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

New Pattern Oxford Cloth Shirts with Collars, six for	Rs. 30
French Cambric Fancy Stripes and Spots, six for	„ 27

5, HUMMUM STREET.

INSURE YOUR HEALTH
BY TAKING
HOCKING'S
IMPROVED SEIDLITZ POWDER.

IT differs from Seidlitz Powders usually sold in having all the ingredients in one bottle, is quite tasteless and may be taken by persons of all ages as a *Cooling Beverage, Mild Aperient, or Brisk Purgative*, according to dose. Its extensive use during nearly half a century proves its valuable qualities as a Purgative Saline, and the fact that the powder retains its qualities for any number of years renders it a most reliable and efficient Domestic Medicine. It will be found invaluable to Families, Travellers or Emigrants, as a preventive or remedy in all cases of Sickness, Headache, Bilious Attacks, Fevers, and the other ordinary ailments of life. Manufactured only by Hockin ison and Co., 38, Duke St., Manchester Square, London.

AGENTS.
BOMBAY : MESSRS. TREACHER & Co.
CALCUTTA : SMITH, STANISTREET & Co.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S
(BREAKFAST)
COCOA.

"By thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well-fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*The Civil Service Gazette.*

Sold only in Packets labelled
JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond Street, London, prepare

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS.
Supplied to the Royal Families Of England and Russia.
To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere.

THE BEST FOOD for INFANTS.
Most digestible. Contains the Highest amount of nourishment In the most convenient form.

MALTED ON LIEBIG'S principle.
Sweet and wholesome in itself. Entirely free from Boot-root Sugar, The bane of Condensed Milk and Swiss Foods

THE BEST FOOD for INFANTS.
More closely resembles Healthy Mothers' Milk Than any other kind of Food.

A THOROUGHLY COOKED FOOD,
Always ready for use. Saving Mothers and Nurses Much time and trouble.

THE BEST FOOD for INFANTS.
Contains all the elements Necessary for the Growth, Health and Vigour of the Child.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond Street, London, and sold by all Chemists.

THOMAS D. MARSHALL AND BURT'S BOOTS.

POST FREE FROM LONDON TO INDIA.

GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS.

Calf Elastic Walking Boots Patent Elastic Dress Boots Barade Elastic Boots, Patent or Calf Palmoral Boots Button Boots	}	Superior in style and quality to excellent can produce in quality 35s. 26s.

CATALOGUES POST FREE ON APPLICATION.

LADIES' WALKING BOOTS,
ELASTIC OR TO BUTTON.

Excellent quality, much approved	18s. 6d.
Very superior	21s. 0d.
Finest possible quality	25s. 0d.
Satinettoe, or Mock Kid Elastic House Boots	5s. 6d. and 7s. 6d.
Ditto ditto, with French heels	7s. 0d. and 9s 6d.
Grey Linen Slippers	3s. 6d.

(REGISTERED)
HYGEIA BOOTS.
A LADY'S WALKING BOOT.

With specially adapted Soles, Heels, Materials and form, price 30s. Fully described in New Catalogue.

Every order *accompanied by remittance for the price nett*, will be sent POST PAID, and if possible dispatched by the first mail after its receipt.

The Hygeia Boots being so highly approved T. D. M. & B are making Children's boots on the same principle.

A worn boot or shoe is the best possible guide or the size and the next best is a paper pattern of the sole of a boot that fits. Pattern boots should be marked with name of sender, and sent separately from letter and remittance.

CHEQUES TO BE CROSSED BANK OF ENGLAND.

Remittances may be made in Government of India Notes which will be taken at the highest current rate of Exchange.

THOMAS D. MARSHALL & BURT,
192, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, W.

CROSSE AND BLACKWELL'S
CELEBRATED OILMEN'S STORES,
Nine Prize Medals, Paris, Vienna and Philadelphia.

PICKLES AND SAUCES,
JAMS AND JELLIES,
ORANGE MARMALADE,
TART FRUITS, DESSERT FRUITS,
PURE SALAD OIL,
MUSTARD, VINEGAR,
POTTED MEATS AND FISH,
FRESH SALMON AND HERRINGS,
HERRINGS A LA SARDINE,
YARMOUTH BLOATERS,
BLACKWALL WHITEBAIT,
PREPARED SOUPS IN TINS,
PRESERVED VEGETABLES,
HAMS AND BACON, IN TINS,
PRESERVED CHEESE,
OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE SAUSAGES,
BOLOGNA SAUSAGES,
YORKSHIRE GAME AND PORK PIES,
TONGUES, GAME, POULTRY,
PLUM PUDDINGS,
LEA AND PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Fresh supplies of the above and numerous other table delicacies may be had from Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Bombay and Poona, and most Storekeepers.

CAUTION.

To prevent the fraud of refilling the bottles or jars, they should *invariably be destroyed* when empty.

Goods should always be examined upon delivery, to detect any attempt at substitution of articles of inferior brands.

All genuine goods bear the names of Crosse & Blackwell on the Labels, Corks, and Capsules of the Bottles, Jars and Tins.

CROSSE AND BLACKWELL,
PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN,
SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

MR. L. STEFFENAUER,
WATCHMAKER,
No. 8, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY,

BEGS to call the attention of the Public that he has JUST RECEIVED a well selected stock of GOLD and SILVER WATCHES and especially recommends the following :—

1.	The 18 Carat Gold English Patent Lever Keyless Watch at	Rs. 180 to 250
2.	The 14 Carat Patent Lever and Patent Keyless Ladies Watch at	„ 120 to 150
3.	The same in a 18 Carat Gold case at	„ 180 to 200
4.	Also a Gold Open-faced Cylinder Escapement Ladies Watch at	„ 60 to 80

The Silver Open-faced English Patent Lever Escapement Watch at	Rs. 50
The same in a very strong Hunting case	„ 55
The same Watch with Suisse Lever Escapement	„ 40
Do. in a Hunting case at	„ 45

2 Years Guarantee for the above Watches. Terms—CASH.

Mr. L. STEFFENAUER has also received a large stock of cheap Watches from Rs. 15 to Rs. 38.
3 Watches taken at once are given at wholesale rates.
Musical Boxes in great variety from Rs. 40 to Rs. 250.

REPAIRS OF WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELLERY AND MUSICAL BOXES ATTENDED TO WITH THE UTMOST DESPATCH.

MR. L. STEFFENAUER.

ENGLISH COODS.

Via SUEZ CANAL AT LOWEST EXPORT PRICES.
SILK, WOOLLEN AND MANCHESTER WAREHOUSEMEN
INDIA, COLONIAL, AND FOREIGN OUTFITTERS,
ESTABLISHED 1843.

D. NICHOLSON & CO.

Invite attention to their Illustrated 220-page Catalogue, sent (with patterns) post free.

Ladies' Clothing, Linens, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Haberdashery, Jewellery, &c. Contractors for Military and Police Clothing and Accoutrements. Furniture, Musical Instruments, Ironmongery, Fire Arms, Cutlery, Carriages Saddlery and Harness, Boots and Shoes, Wines and Spirits, Ales and Beers, Preserved Provisions, Stationery, Perfumery, Books, Toys, &c., &c. Foreign Produce disposed of for a Commission of 2½ per Cent.

Terms—Not less than 25 per Cent. to accompany *orders*, and balances will be drawn for at 60 days sight.

Parcels not exceeding fifty pounds in weight and 2 feet by 1 foot by 1 foot in size, and £20 in value, are conveyed from London to any Post Town in India and Ceylon at a uniform charge of 1s. per lb.

Special advantages to Hotel Keepers and Regimental Messes.

D. NICHOLSON & CO.,
50 TO 53, ST. PAUL'S CHURCHYARD, AND
66, PATERNOSTER ROW, LONDON.

Price Lists can be had of Messrs. James Madden & Co. Bombay, and at the Office of the "*Englishman*" Newspaper, Calcutta.

FRENCH ESTABLISHMENT IN BOMBAY.

THE DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT is organised so as to give the utmost efficiency with moderate charges.

SATIN AND VELVET ARE THE DRESSES OF THE SEASON.
DRESS SATINS IN ALL THE NEW ART COLORS.
BLACK AND WHITE SATINS IN SEVERAL QUALITIES.
RICH BLACK VELVETS.
RICH BLACK SILKS.
PATTERNS FORWARDED TO RESIDENTS IN THE COUNTRY.

MEIFFRE, NEVEU & CO.,
BOMBAY.
5th December, 1878.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,
WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS,
23, RAMPART ROW,

BEG to draw the attention of intending purchasers to their large stock of LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, comprising 132 descriptions, which being all made at their own Manufactory permits them to offer them to the public at much cheaper rates than other firms, who obtain them through Agencies.

Twelve years' experience of the climate has assisted them in making Watches most adapted and suitable for India.

From their large stock they specially recommend the following —

THEIR Rs. 50 SILVER LEVER WATCH, in either open face, half hunting, or hunting case, in sizes to suit either Ladies or Gentlemen.

THEIR Rs. 75 SILVER LEVER WATCH, in extra strong and durable case, with Gold hinges, compensation balance, and hair spring Breguet.

THEIR Rs. 110 SILVER KEYLESS WATCH, in beautifully finished case, with Gold hinges and Gold winding nut.

The above Watches can also be had in Gold cases, either open face, half hunting or hunting, at Rs. 150, 200, and 250, respectively.

THEIR Rs. 40 GERMAN SILVER RAILWAY WATCH,	Patent	Lever	Escapement.	
THEIR Rs. 60 FINE SILVER RAILWAY WATCH,	do.	do.	do.	
THEIR Rs. 60 GERMAN SILVER RAILWAY WATCH,	do.	do.	do.	Extra large size,

These Watches are guaranteed good Time-keepers; strong and serviceably made to suit the roughest work, being specially adapted for Railway employés.

The excellence of all the above Watches has been universally recognised and approved of, and our sales of them increase from year to year.

F. L. & Co. also beg to draw attention to their large stock of cheap Silver Watches in open face, hunting and half-hunting cases, Patent Lever Escapement, all excellent time-keepers, guaranteed for one year, at Rs, 25, 27, 30, 35, 40, and 45.

German Silver Keyless Watches, known as Soldiers' Watches, at Rs. 18, 20, 22, and 25.

Further details can be seen in our Catalogue, sent post free on application to all parts of India.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,
WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS.

CARLTON WHISKY.
SUPERB WHISKY,
FROM THE BONDED STORES OF
RICHARD MATHEWS & Co.,
OF
LONDON AND INVERNESS.

THE following is Professor GARDNER'S opinion of the 11-year old quality :—

"To RICHD. MATHEWS & Co. "LABORATORY ROYAL POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTION,
"March 8th, 1878.

"This is to certify that I have carefully analysed a sample of the 'CARLTON WHISKY.' I find it to be a very old and pure Spirit, perfectly free from Fusil Oil, or any other deleterious substance.

"In my opinion this Whisky is of a very high character. "EDWARD V. GARDNER, F.A.S., M.S.A.,
"Professor of Chemistry,"

"Berner's College, London.

The following is the opinion of the CARLTON CLUB as to both qualities, *i.e.*, the 11-year old and the 5-year old Whisky.

Extract of Letter from the Secretary.

"MESSRS. R. MATHEWS & COMPANY.

"Gentlemen,—In reply to your inquiry as to whether the Whisky you are supplying to this Club is approved by the Members, the best answer I can give is that the consumption of this Spirit has GREATLY INCREASED since it has been supplied by your Firm. There can be no doubt whatever about the Whisky being MOST EXCELLENT.

"It is old and soft, and I may safely say that it is much approved by the Members."

With such commendation we recommend very confidently "The Carlton" to the Indian Public, through the well-known House whom we have arranged to solely represent us in India, viz., CUTLER, PALMER & Co.

11 Years Old.		5 Years Old.	
Credit.	Cash.	Credit.	Cash.
Rs. 33-0	32-0	Rs. 29-0	28-0

Each Bottle is capsuled, and the Corks are branded with our Trade Mark

RICHARD MATHEWS & CO.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S QUOTATIONS FOR
CHAMPAGNE VINEYARD PROPRIETORS Co's THREE DAGGER BRANDY.

CREDIT. Rs.	a.		CASH. Rs.	a.
25	0	* STAR INDIA BRANDY.....Qts.	24	4
22	8	* STAR WHITE LABEL.....Qts.	21	4
21	0	* STAR, F. BEAUFORT.....Qts.	20	0
		** STARS, Quarts.....		
		*** STARS, Quarts.....		
		**** STARS { FLASKS.....		
		{ FLASKS.....		

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.,
SOLE AGENTS.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

DINNEFORD & Co., Chemists, London,

And of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the World.

N. B.—ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

AGENTS—TREACHER & Co., Bombay.

ESTABLISHED 1820.

(By Appointment)

C. LAZARUS & CO.,
(INCORPORATED WITH SHEARWOOD AND CO.)

CABINET MAKERS, UPHOLSTERERS, BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS, & GENERAL FURNISHING CONTRACTORS.

58, 59, 60, & 61 BENTINCK STREET, & 2, DALHOUSIE SQUARE, CALCUTTA.

SOUNDY & CO., AGENTS, BOMBAY.

BILLIARD TABLES.

THE undoubted and established superiority of C. L. & Co.'s Billiard Tables is amply proved by the constant and increasing demand for them, showing that they are really the only tables now appreciated in India. This success is due to the steadfast efforts C. L. & Co. have always exerted to supply their constituents with really trustworthy and reliable articles at as moderate a price as is compatible with good workmanship and material. The generous and liberal support extended to C. L. & Co. for upwards of half a century, is sufficient proof that their endeavours to render satisfaction have been appreciated by a critical and discerning public.

While the superiority of C. L. & Co.'s Billiard Tables has been universally admitted in India, yet the difficulties and risks of transport have hitherto prevented their friends in Bombay from largely availing themselves of the undoubted advantages offered by C. L. & Co.

Now, however, C. L. & Co. beg to intimate to their patrons in the Western Presidency, that they have made arrangements which will enable them to offer their Billiard Tables at the same prices in Bombay as in Calcutta. A Branch Agency, under the management of Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., has been established at No. 22, Rampart Row, where Billiard Tables of C. Lazarus & Co.'s manufacture are arranged for sale; and while thanking their constituents for the patronage hitherto extended to their Firm, C. L. & Co. venture to express a hope that, with the increased facilities now offered, their manufactures will be as well known in Bombay as they are already in other parts of India.

BILLIARD CUSHIONS.

C. Lazarus & Co. always keep on hand a large stock of their new and improved COMBINATION EXPRESS Billiard Cushions which can be fitted to any table, the exact length and breadth of the slate-bed being the only information required.

Old Billiard Cushions, if the woodwork is in good condition, can be renewed on the new COMBINATION EXPRESS principle, thereby making an old table as good as new.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

C. Lazarus & Co. guarantee the SAFE ARRIVAL of their Billiard Tables at any Station in India. Should any breakage occur in transit, C. L. & Co. agree to make good the loss without further charge.

BILLIARD LAMPS.

The six-light telescopic lamp, on the duplex principle, to burn kerosine oil, as adapted by C. L. & Co., is the best Billiard lamp ever introduced.

C. L. & Co. have always on hand a large assortment of Billiard, Pool and Pyramid Balls, in Ivory or "Patent Celluloid," Billiard Cloth, of the finest quality only, Cues, Tips, Chalks, Cement and every requisite for the Billiard Room.

C. LAZARUS & CO.,
Bentinck Street, Calcutta.
SOUNDY & Co., Agents, Bombay.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR PRESENTS.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS & CO.,
WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, OPTICIANS, AND ENGRAVERS.

BOMBAY :
2, HUMMUM STREET.

POONA :
1, EAST STREET.

BEG to draw attention to their NEW and FRESH STOCK of GOODS just unpacked, suitable for presentation.

LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S WATCHES.
BEST LONDON AND INDIAN JEWELLERY.
TRAVELLING AND OFFICE CLOCKS.
MUSICAL BOXES AND SINGING BIRDS.
A COMPLETE STOCK OF SPECTACLES.

Repairs executed with care and expedition.

C. MARCKS & CO.

NOTICES.

TO PARENTS WISHING for a HAPPY HOME for TWO or MORE CHILDREN, a Lady is willing to undertake sole care of them. Education, and all requisites, except travelling expenses. Terms—£160 for Two; £200 for Three. Address S. A. C., Wellington Road, Maldon, Essex.

NOTICE.

OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

WE have been APPOINTED AGENTS at this Port for the above Company, and are now prepared to accept MARINE RISKS on SPECIE and GENERAL CARGO at favourable rates.

RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.

Bombay, 30th November 1878.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

COCOANUT AND CASTOR OILS.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of COCOANUT and CASTOR OILS required by the Company for twelve months, commencing 1st day of February next, to be delivered from time to time in such quantities as may be ordered. The annual consumption averaging about 500 Tons of Cocoanut Oil, and 850 Tons of Castor Oil. Samples may be seen at the Storekeeper's Office, Byculla.

Sealed Tenders endorsed "Tender for Oil," and which must specify the rate per cwt., delivered at the Stores Depot, Byculla, will be received by the Agent, at the Company's Offices, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, up to noon on WEDNESDAY, the 11th December next, after which hour no Tender will be received.

No notice will be taken of any Tender unless accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 in cash or Government Paper as a guarantee of the good faith of the Tenderer.

Persons whose Tenders shall be accepted will be required to enter into a contract, and for the due fulfilment of the same to find security equal to 10 per cent upon the estimated aggregate amount of such contract.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender,

ALFRED KING, Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Byculla, 16th November 1878.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

FOR SALE.

CADE'S CELEBRATED SPARKLING CHAMPAGNE CYDER.

Quarts per dozen	Rs. 12
Pints per 2 „	„ 16
CANTRELL AND COCHRANE'S GINGER ALE. Per dozen	Rs. 4
PERINET AND FILS CHAMPAGNE. Quarts per dozen	Rs. 43
CLARET "CISSAC MEDOC',—A First Class Wine Quarts per dozen	Rs. 14

ALSO

A SMALL SHIPMENT OF SUPERIOR DRY MANZANILLA SHERRY, IN WOOD.

Hogsheads (about 27 dozen)	Rs. 550
Quarter Casks (about 13 dozen)	„ 280

J. C. BUSHBY & Co.,
2, Dean Lane.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the Undersigned :—

CLARETS :—FROM H. AND C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Les Canons	Rs. 18	per doz. Qts.
Do. do.	„ 20	per case of 2 doz. pints.
Chateau Leoville	„ 20	per doz. Qts.
Chateau Lafitte	„ 24	„

HOCKS :—FROM G. M. PABSTMANN SOHN, MAYENCE.

Laubenheimer	„ 18	„
Do.	„ 21	per case of 2 doz. pints.
Geisenheimer	„ 20	per doz. Qts.
Liebfraumilch	„ 24	„
Do.	„ 27	per case of 2 doz. pints.
Steinwein	„ 24	per doz. Qts.
Hochheimer	„ 30	„
Rudesheimer	„ 30	„
Do.	„ 33	per case of 2 doz. pints.
Marcobrunner	„ 35	per doz. Qts.
Do.	„ 38	per case of 2 doz. pints.
Queen Victoria Berg	„ 38	per doz. Qts.

CHAMPAGNE :—

Eugene Cliequot	„ 44	per case of 2 doz. pints.
Do. do.	„ 40	per doz. qts.
Heidsieck & Co.'s *Dry Monopole*	Rs. 50	per doz. Qts.
Giesler & Co.'s *Champagne*	Rs. 53	„
„ „ „	„ 55	per case of 2 doz. pints.

BRANDY :—

Boulestin & Co.'s Cognac	Rs. 18	per doz. Qts.
Do. do. do. * one Star	„ 20	„
Do. do. * Star Cognac	„ 20	per case of 2 doz. flasks.
Do. do. do.	„ 22	2 „ „
Fromy and Rogée's well known ** Stars	„ 27	„ „
FINEST GERMAN ASPARAGUS	„ 25	per doz. tins.
MARSALA	„ 15	„ Qts.

LIQUEUR :—

Maraschino di Zara	„ 30	do. large bot.
Do. do.	„ 32	per case of 2 doz. pints.

SPECIAL TERMS TO REGIMENTAL MESSES, CLUBS, &c.

VOLKART BROTHERS.

Bombay, 30th November 1878.

NOTICES.

MESSRS. ROWLAND & Co. have REMOVED their SADDLERY and HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT to No. 42, MEADOW STREET, near the *Bombay Gazette* Press, and are SELLING their STOCK at REDUCED RATES.

ROWLAND & Co.

Bombay, 2nd December 1878.

WATERPROOF SHEETS.

THE MUIR MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED, Cawnpore, are now supplying the above made on Surgeon Major Hamilton's principle. Prices, measurements, and samples on application to

MANAGING DIRECTOR.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE PARTNERSHIP carried on by the Undersigned under the name and style of DINSHAW SORABJEE and Co. is THIS DAY DISSOLVED by mutual consent.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims against the said Firm should submit the same within (15) fifteen days from this notice, and that all persons indebted to the said Firm should pay the same within (15) fifteen days.

COWASJEE DINSHAW,
SORABJEE TEMOOLJEE,

No. 29, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, 30th November 1878.

WE have THIS DAY established ourselves in Bombay as MERCHANTS and GENERAL AGENTS in connection with our FIRM at Aden, under the same NAME and STYLE of

COWASJEE DINSHAW & BROTHERS, Bombay.

29, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, 2nd December 1878.

ITALIAN CONFECTIONERY

FOR the season, of every description and of the best make. ORNAMENTAL CHRISTMAS CAKES, PYRAMIDS, and a large assortment of CHRISTMAS SWEETS always on hand, at moderate rates. ICE CREAMS, ICE PUDDINGS, and various sorts of plain puddings.

D. STERNSCHER,
9, Meadow Street, Bombay.

ALWAYS ON HAND,
AT
P. GRANT AND SON'S,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.
SADDLERY AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
WHIPS, SPURS,
AND
MILITARY ACCOUTREMENTS.

FOR LEASE.

THE DIRECTORS of the CARWAR COMPANY, LIMITED, are prepared to receive TENDERS for the LEASING of the COMPANY'S PRESSES and GODOWNS at CARWAR, the Steam Ginning Factory and Presses at Hoobhee and the Steam Ginning Factory and Cotton Press at Gudduck, in the Southern Mahratta Country, for a period of three or five years.

At the request of parties at a distance desirous of tendering, tenders for leasing will be received until 4 p.m. on SATURDAY, the 14th December.

For particulars apply to Messrs. W. M. MACAULAY and Co., the Agents of the Directors, No. 34, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE SIND PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in accordance with a requisition received by the Directors of the above Company an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the office of the Company, McLeod Road, Kurrachee, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th December at 2 p.m., for the following purposes :—

I. To cancel Article No. 7 of the Articles of Association.

II. In lieu thereof to substitute the following, viz. :—"That Mr. Soondersao Bugwanah shall be Secretary and Treasurer to the Company and his remuneration as such Secretary and Treasurer shall be 5 per centum on the gross receipts of the Company, and that he shall not thereby be disqualified from becoming a Director of the Company."

By order,

ALEX. McHINCH.

McLeod Road, Kurrachee, 25th November 1878.

NOTICE.

TIMBER SALE.

THE undersigned will SELL the undernoted TEAK TIMBER, on account and at the risk of BORAH KURRIMBHOY ALLIBHOY, and RAMDASS KANDASS, respectively. Written offers will be received by the undersigned at his Office, No. 441